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DEMOCRATS AT CHICAGO.

Gossip of the Seventeenth National Convention.

EXCITING TIME EXPECTED.

Face to Face With the Great Money Problem.

THE CHANCES OF A COMPROMISE.

History of the "Two-thirds Rule," Which Some of the Delegates Propose to Attack—The "Unit Rule" and Its Effect. Fight Over the Temporary Roll In the National Committee—Where the Contest Will Come—Will the Majority Make Concessions on the Currency Question? Familiar Figures on the Floor—Other Conventions and Their Nominees—How Cleveland Was Nominated—This Time It Is Likely the Man Will Fit the Platform and Not the Platform the Man.

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There have been 16 national Democratic conventions and none of them since the war has been fraught with such serious possibilities as the one which will assemble in Chicago on the 7th of July.

The memorable Charleston convention which adjourned to meet in Baltimore was more important. On its decision might have rested the stability of the Union. The crisis which the Democratic party faces in 1896 is a question less of government than of commercial prosperity. The silver problem whose decision has been postponed for nearly a quarter of a century confronts the Democratic party and demands a final settlement. And the bitterness which the currency campaign of the last two months has aroused seems to threaten the integrity of the party.

The lines of the great political parties have been changing gradually for a good many years. A sectional sentiment almost as strong as that which once separated north and south has come into being. The tariff reform Republican has become a Mugwump and then a Democrat, and in many instances a free trader. The free trade Democrat has been converted to "incidental protection." The currency question has split the country on sectional rather than political lines. To be sure there are "sound money" men in the west and advocates

WILLIAM F. HARRITY.

of free coinage in the east. But as a rule the people of the west and south favor the free coinage of silver and the people of the east are committed to the gold standard.

There are no very distinct party principles today. Parties are political machines, held together by self interest. There are free coinage Democrats and sound money Democrats; free coinage Republicans and Republicans who believe in the gold standard. There are Democrats who want incidental protection and Democrats who favor free trade; and there are Republicans whose wild views on the tariff question will match those of their Democratic brethren.

It is a singular condition of affairs when the Democratic party, with the government at Washington in its hands and committed to the gold standard of currency, should be assembling apparently for the purpose of declaring for the free coinage of silver.

These things sometimes straighten themselves out in convention. The two wings of a party often find an acceptable compromise on a great political question—something which appeases if it does not satisfy both factions.

If they do not? Then one of the wings flaps all by itself perhaps while the other goes to serve another party. Blaine's nomination cost the Republicans not only the floating, changeable vote, but the adherence of a great many widely known members of their organization.

It is [illegible] easy thing for a man to accept a party platform which does not agree with his convictions. That is what a great many men have had to do, though, ever since parties came into existence. Some men never can find a party whose principles are entirely satisfactory to them. The best they can do is to take the most satisfactory of them and condone its faults.

Several conditions assist in making the Chicago convention remarkable. The Republican convention threatened to be overloaded with presidential material, and for a year before it met half a dozen active candidates were canvassing the country for support. The Democratic party was almost without a candidate until six months ago, when Governor Matthews of Indiana was indorsed. Most of the "favorite sons" who had been discussed were holding off to see what the Democratic state conventions had to say on the currency question. Some of them could not run on a free silver platform, and some of them would not. Some of them were pledged to silver without recourse. Some wanted to see what way the currency cat would jump before they declared their principles.

Just as soon as there came an intimation that the convention would probably declare for silver, candidates began to grow on the bushes. Some are ardent silver men, some are compromisers and some might be willing to run on any platform that will suit the party.

Such growth of presidential timber in so short a time is phenomenal. And not satisfied with the great opportunities offered in their own party, Democrats in some places are discussing even the possibility of finding a Republican bolter from St. Louis to lead the party to victory. They think a Republican from a silver state might carry the west and south and hold enough of his own party in the east, if the Populists indorse him, to assure his election.

HORACE BOIES.

And if the silver Democrats do not control—if the administration influence is strong enough finally to hold the convention to the administration currency standard, Mr. Cleveland is always a possibility, even though the Democrats of Virginia have declared the third term idea to be un-American.

It is a very pretty situation. Who could have foretold it? Six months ago the Hon. J. Sterling Morton, head of the agricultural department at Washington, said to me: "There will be two chief candidates for the presidency—a sound money candidate and a rotten money candidate—and the Republicans will have the rotten money candidate."

It is hardly necessary to say that Secretary Morton's idea of "rotten money" is silver, coined at the option of the owner, at the ratio of 16 to 1.

Six months before that time Senator Jones of Arkansas told me the Democratic national convention would declare for the free coinage of silver, and that Mr. Cleveland was not a possible candidate.

Who was the prophet? Not Secretary Morton, certainly.

The Two-thirds Rule.

It is safe to say the Democratic party approaches the Chicago convention with greater trepidation than any other in its history except the memorable convention at Charleston. The party is older than the convention, because national conventions were not known to the Democracy till Andrew Jackson was nominated. The Jackson convention was held at Baltimore May 21, 1832, and it followed the indorsement of Jackson by the legislatures of New York and Pennsylvania. In fact, the convention merely ratified the popular choice for the presidency. But over the vice presidency there was a contest, and in this originated the famous two-thirds rule which has had so much weight in determining the action of many conventions since. It is a Democratic institution this two-thirds rule. No other party has adopted it, but the Democratic party has clung to it for 64 years.

No one knows who was the author of the rule. Mr. Saunders of North Carolina reported it from the committee on rules in 1832 in the following resolution:

Resolved, That each state be entitled in the nomination to be made for the vice presidency to a number of votes equal to the number they will be entitled to in the electoral college under the new apportionment in voting for president and vice president and that two-thirds of the whole number of votes in convention shall be necessary to constitute a choice.

This rule ex-Senator Martin of Kansas says must be changed in the coming convention. It has been attacked in many conventions by the friends of men and measures which seemed to have the favor of a majority of the delegates. But it has withstood every attack. It was voted down in the second convention of the party, but the vote was reconsidered, and it was adopted again. In 1844 it was attacked, but though there was a majority of Van Buren's friends in the convention some of them held the two-thirds rule to be above partisanship, and its adoption by the aid of their votes defeated their candidate. In 1848 the rule was indorsed by a vote of 175 to 78, and in 1852 by 278 to 13.

The rule does not apply to the adoption of the platform, but controls the nomination of the party's candidate. So there can be no issue on it between the friends of silver and the friends of gold. For that reason the opposition to it may fail, as it has failed in the past.

Former Conventions.

The Democratic conventions since 1832 have been held as follows:

May 20, 1835	Baltimore	Van Buren
May 5, 1840	Baltimore	Van Buren
May 27, 1844	Baltimore	Polk
May 22, 1848	Baltimore	Cass
June 1, 1852	Baltimore	Pierce
June 2, 1856	Cincinnati	Buchanan
April 23, 1860	Charleston	
Adjourned May 3 to meet		
June 18	Baltimore	Douglas
Aug. 29, 1864	Chicago	McClellan
July 4 1868	New York	Seymour
July 9, 1872	Baltimore	Greeley
June 28, 1876	St. Louis	Tilden
June 22, 1880	Cincinnati	Hancock
July 8, 1884	Chicago	Cleveland
June 5, 1888	St. Louis	Cleveland
June 21, 1892	Chicago	Cleveland
July 7, 1896	Chicago	?

In the convention which nominated Jackson and created the two-thirds rule was made also the unit rule which has been a rule of every convention since and which until 1880 was a rule of Republican conventions as well. Under this rule where a state has given instructions individual votes are of no value except in the conferences of a delegation. The vote of a majority of the delegation controls the vote of the entire delegation. And this rule has resulted more than once in the defeat of a candidate who might have commanded the individual support of two-thirds of the delegates to a convention.

The Unit Rule.

The first formal expression of this principle, which had been recognized informally in prior conventions, was had in the convention of 1848. It was contained in the following resolution:

Resolved, That in voting upon any question which may arise in the proceedings of this convention, the vote shall be taken by states at the request of any one state, each state to be entitled to the number of votes to which such state is entitled in the electoral college without regard to the number of delegates in attendance, the manner in which said vote is to be cast to be decided by the delegation of each state for itself.

But this rule was modified by the convention of 1860 and the modification has stood to this day. The amendment (which was in the form of an additional rule) provided:

That in any state which has not provided or directed by its state convention how its vote may be given, the convention will recognize the right of each delegate to cast his individual vote.

This is the form in which the unit rule will likely be adopted by the convention which meets in Chicago on the 7th of July. It is more than likely that the convention will adopt the rules of the last convention as a whole, though possibly not without some contest and a sharp discussion.

Chicago Hotels.

One singular thing about national conventions is the unexpectedness with which they assume importance or become comparatively commonplace. Four years ago it was predicted confidently that the Republican convention at Minneapolis would be uninteresting and that the Democratic convention at Chicago would be exciting. The reverse was true. The Republican convention was one of the most exciting in the history of the party and the convention of the Democrats was cut and dried. So it was predicted six months ago that the Democratic convention this year would be commonplace and the convention at St. Louis, with its half dozen candidates running on even terms, would be exciting. Long before the Republican convention assembled its work was cut out for it, while the interest of the whole country has centered for many weeks in the convention at Chicago and its candidate. The hotel keepers of Chicago will be the beneficiaries of this condition of affairs, for, where they looked forward a few months ago to vacant rooms during convention week, they have now the prospect of overcrowded houses. Still the rates at the principal hotels have not been advanced, and at the best of them single rooms with meals have been rented for $5 each. Chicago has many hotels—too many for ordinary occasions. The big houses which were built for World's fair business stand half empty during a great part of the year, and one of the oldest and best of the big hotels of other convention years—the Grand Pacific—has been closed. But the Palmer House is still headquarters for many of the delegations, and the Auditorium hotel, with its big annex, will be crowded to the doors during convention week. In these two the largest crowds will gather, and the streets about them will be packed thick with hoarse, beribboned, red eyed men. Bands will stand beneath their windows serenading state delegations, and clubs of men in long skirted coats with canes in their hands will tramp in and out of their corridors, filling the air with shouts for their candidates. There will be hospitality of a liquid character at the headquarters of the silver states, and music everywhere. And while the crowds rend the air with their shouts below the leaders of the convention will get together in the quiet of their rooms up stairs and map out the business and determine how it will be done.

The Wigwam.

The last convention held in Chicago met in a wigwam erected on the lake shore—a great deal larger than the wigwam in which the Lincoln convention met 36 years ago. The news of that convention was sent to the world by the hand of a single telegraph operator. The convention of eight years ago was held in the Auditorium. Both these were

GEORGE G. VEST.

within easy access of the hotels and business places. The Coliseum, in which the convention of 1896 will be held, is more than half an hour's ride from the center of the city and is reached by several lines of street cars. It is a huge building, constructed with a view to just such gatherings as the national conventions. It is 727 feet long by 300 feet wide. The outer walls are 45 feet high and the roof rises in terraces to a height of 105 feet. Twelve steel trusses, each 230 feet wide, support the roof. Exclusive of the vestibule, the interior of the building is 676 feet long.

Twenty-five feet above the main floor of the hall is a balcony. It is 40 feet wide and it runs around the four sides of the building. Forty feet above the main floor is another gallery. The second is 12 feet wide. The whole floor space of the building is 285,000 square feet. It will accommodate 15,000 people during the convention, though the capacity of the building for show purposes can be increased to 50,000 people. The exits are on all sides and the facilities for emptying the hall quickly are ample. The lighting of the hall will be done by 100 arc lights provided with powerful reflectors.

The Democratic national committee will meet in Chicago the week before the convention assembles, and its deliberations will be watched even more closely than those of the Republican national committee at St. Louis. Interest in the contests was keyed up to a high point when Chairman Harrity was quoted in a New York paper as saying that no man who announced in advance that he would bolt the convention under certain conditions should be admitted as a delegate. Mr. Harrity has denied since that he had any idea the gold men would attempt to control the convention by shutting out on contests those who had threatened to bolt in the interest of the free coinage of silver. But the friends of silver have their eyes on the national committee and they will not be satisfied until they know that their friends are to be seated. They, too, have hinted at an advantage to be gained in the recognition of contesting delegations. They are said to be considering the possibility of shutting out the Michigan state delegation on the ground that the delegates and alternates to the state convention did not vote according to their instructions, which in a majority of cases were for the free coinage of silver. This question is not likely to figure seriously before the national committee, and if it is raised at all, it will be in the convention, where ex-Postmaster General Dickinson will have a chance to explain how he elected administration delegates from what was claimed to be an antiadministration state.

The Temporary Chairman.

The national committee, besides deciding the contests of delegations to be placed on the temporary roll of the convention, will choose candidates for temporary officers of the convention, but if the national committee chooses a "gold" man for temporary chairman and the "silver" men are in the majority in the convention, as is now expected, it is quite probable that the choice of the national committee will be ignored, and that the temporary chairman of the convention will be chosen from the list of western or southern delegates. It is not unlikely that the honor of the temporary or permanent chairmanship will be conferred on the senator from Kentucky, Mr. Blackburn, who has routed the administration forces in his state so recently, and who has been indorsed by his state convention as a candidate for the presidency. Vest of Missouri may be one of the officers of the convention if he is not engaged in preparing "Silver Dollar" Bland for nomination. Possibly Missouri's other presidential possibility, Governor Stone, or the man who has routed the administration army in Illinois, Governor Altgeld, will receive honors at the hands of the convention.

Many seats will be vacant, as I have said, because the opening proceedings

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

We devote an entire basement to the display of trunks, telescopes and traveling bags.

Some People Pay

Whatever merchants choose to ask. Others haggle over prices. Shrewd buyers do neither; they read advertisments and know the market price. They come here and invariably buy because values at this store are standard for first class goods, the only kind we sell. The men's and boy's suits that we sell for $5.00, $7.50, $9.00 and $10.00 should not be confused with the many quoted at same figures. Our's are exceptional. They're goods that belong to higher priced families but are reduced because sizes cannot be matched and we're preparing to do our fall buying.

Straw hats, all reduced. Serge, mohair, linen, crash, alpaca and duck coats and vests, bicycle suits, bicycle pants, caps, belts, hose, &c.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
ONE PRICE
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS V. VANNATTA.

Thomas V. Vannatta died at his home on Iron street on Tuesday morning at half past four, aged sixty-nine years, eleven months and twenty-four days. He was a man of quiet disposition, a good citizen and a kind husband and father. His surviving family consists of his wife and eight children, the latter being Mrs. John L. Woods, Sadie, Lillie, Sophia, Wallace and Benjamin, who reside here, Mrs. James Lewis, of Hollidaysburg, and John, of Lewistown.

The funeral will be held on Friday afternoon at two o'clock, services conducted by Rev. D. N. Kirkby.

Mr. Vannatta was born in Bloomsburg, July 6, 1827. In his boyhood he was employed at the furnaces. For many years past he followed the business of well-digging. In April 1861, when the first troops left here for the seat of war, he and Enos Jacoby fired a salute with an improvised cannon. The gun burst, and Mr. Vannatta lost one of his eyes. In the fall of 1861 he joined the army as a teamster, and subsequently was a member of Capt. R. F. Clark's emergency men. In all the relations of life he was an honest and true man.

Y. M. C. A. SERVICES.

The Y. M. C. A. services in the tent last Sunday afternoon were unusually interesting and largely attended. The address was delivered by Yeatary O'Kano, a native of Japan and a graduate of the Law Department of Cumberland University, Tenn. It was interesting and he gave some facts in relation to his native country hitherto unknown. In the morning he spoke in the Presbyterian church, and in the Methodist tabernacle in the evening.

Since his coming to this country he has embraced the Christian religion, and it is his intention to return to his country and do Evangelistic work.

That our curb market is growing in popularity is evidenced by the number of wagons in attendance. The supply of vegetables, fruits, &c. is fresh, and our people instead of waiting for a wagon to come around to their doors should patronize it. This is the only way to make it a success.

CRUSHED BENEATH CARS.

Owen McDonough, a young man of Centralia, aged twenty-two years, was killed at 4:15 o'clock last Friday morning. He was in search of work and went as far as Shenandoah, but was unable to secure employment, and decided to return home, and for this purpose boarded an empty engine and secured a seat on the pilot of the engine. Everything went well until the engine reached Raven Run at which place a Coal and Iron officer was waiting for a train he saw McDonough, and flagged the train for the purpose of arresting him. The engineer applied the brakes, and when its speed was somewhat reduced, the officer boarded the engine. In his frantic efforts to escape from the officer and avoid arrest McDonough became so excited that he actually did not know what he was doing. He made a wild jump from the pilot of the engine and landed almost in the center of the track in front of the engine. It passed over him mangling him in a most horrible manner and severing his body at the waist. The engine was stopped and the mangled remains placed in the tender and taken to Centralia where they were identified.

THAT RATIFICATION MEETING.

In accordance with an announcement a large number of Republicans congregated in the Opera House last Thursday evening to ratify the nominations made by the St. Louis convention. The meeting was called to order by H. A. M'Killip, Esq., and after a spirited address nominated J. C. Brown as permanent chairman, which motion was unanimously carried. The address of the evening was delivered by him and as a result a club numbering about two hundred was formed. The list of vice presidents numbered twenty-five, and the secretaries were A. W. Duy, John Scott and Samuel Pursel.

The following letters are advertised June 30, 1896: Susan Crawford Miss Lillian Cleaver, Mrs. Fred Heller Miss Jennie Hiner, Mr. Thomas McHale, Mrs. Lavina Melick, F. A. Silliman. Will be sent to the dead letter office July 14, 1896.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

JOHN W. DANIEL.

of a national convention are largely formal, and it is seldom they have any serious bearing on the convention's after work. When the temporary officers have been elected and the committees have been appointed to pass on the credentials and to propose a permanent organization and rules for the convention, a recess will be taken until the next day, and the crowd will straggle back to the big hotels to march again and cheer again and to hold heated discussions on the currency question in the corridors of the hotels.

Familiar Faces.

There will be many familiar faces missing in the corridors and on the floor of the convention. Maryland's sphinx, Senator Gorman, has hesitated. Brice, too, had announced his intention of staying away, but he has reconsidered since. Ex-Governor Francis of Missouri, who made a losing fight for the administration in his state, and Mafflit, the national committeeman from that state, will be on hand. Francis is the administration candidate for temporary chairman of the convention. Hill of New York, who, as a modest candidate for the nomination, staid away four years ago, will be on hand to make a fight for "sound money" to the last ditch. Whitney, famous as the "Fool Killer" of the convention of four years ago, has decided to lead in the "sound money" cause. Bourke Cockran, who dropped out of politics through his quarrel with the Tammany leaders, will not be in Chicago. He is in Europe nursing a sprained ankle.

Pugh of Alabama will lead the silver forces from his state; Jones of Arkansas, fresh from a triumphant canvass for reelection, will help to make the platform.

After the permanent chairman has been chosen and the permanent roll of the convention has been made up will come what promises to be the real contest of the convention. And it is very likely to be fought out in one of the committee rooms. "What shall the platform be?" is the most interesting and most important of the questions to be determined by the delegates, and as state delegations are well united in most cases, the temper of the committee on resolutions will be the temper of the convention. It will not be like the convention of four years ago in which the friends of Mr. Cleveland told the committee on what platform he would be willing to run. Nor will the convention likely do what that convention did when it repudiated the tariff plank brought in by the committee and adopted that ringing declaration beginning, "Republican

J. C. S. BLACKBURN.

protection is a fraud." If there are any compromises to be made on the platform, they will likely be made in the committee. But the fight for consideration will be carried by the minority into the convention hall and the secrets of the committee room will leak out there, so that the country will know just how much has been conceded to gold or to silver, as the case may be.

And then the convention will ballot for its candidates. The candidates will fit the platform this year if present conditions are not deceptive. It has happened that the platform was made to fit the candidates.

The Democratic convention of 1896 promises to be one of the most exciting in the history of the party—even more exciting than that of 1892. It will abound in exciting incidents. The convention of four years ago had only one.

A Mammoth Convention.

On the night of June 23-4, 1892, the Democratic national convention made its nomination for the presidency under conditions which have not been paralleled in the history of national conventions. To understand them thoroughly one must have a clear comprehension of what had preceded the convention, and this is a matter of history so fresh in most American minds that it needs but a brief rehearsal. Grover Cleveland had been president for four years, and had been defeated at the polls for re-election after he had received a unanimous nomination at the St. Louis convention of 1888. David B. Hill of New York, who was lieutenant governor when Cleveland was elected to the presidency first, was a candidate for the presidential nomination. He had been one of the New York delegation to the convention of 1884 when Cleveland received his first nomination, and he had urged Cleveland on the delegates to that convention as the choice of New York, and therefore the strongest candidate the Democracy could put before the country. The promise made by Hill in 1884 had been kept. New York had given Cleveland its electoral vote, and he had been elected—the first Democrat to reach the presidential office since the war. Hill had gained such control of the Democratic party in the state of New York—or at least of that branch of the Democratic party which is in the majority, and therefore recognized as the Democracy of the state—that he knew he could have the indorsement of the delegates to the state convention, and, having that, he expected to go before the convention of 1892, as Cleveland had gone before the convention of 1884, as the candidate of the state of New York. In order to clinch his hold on the convention, however, he had it called at an early date, and because it was called so early his enemies said he was trying to take "snap" judgment, and bitterly opposed the act. Then they made the fact that the convention was called so early an excuse for calling another convention, known as the antisnap convention, which met at Syracuse in the fall of 1891. Thus New York had two full sets of delegates at Chicago—one the delegates of the regular Democracy and the other the delegates of the "antisnappers," as they were known. The 72 delegates of the regular Democracy were instructed to vote as a unit for David B. Hill. The other delegates were instructed to vote for Grover Cleveland.

William C. Whitney.

William C. Whitney of New York, who had been Mr. Cleveland's secretary of the navy, was the manager of Mr. Cleveland's campaign. He was well adapted for the difficult work before him because while in sympathy with the object of the "antisnappers" he was a member of the regular Democracy and of Tammany Hall, its representative in the city of New York. By the advice of Mr. Whitney, the "antisnappers" gave up a contest for the New York seats in the convention—a contest which Mr. Cleveland's personal followers in the convention might have decided in their favor, but which would have been so manifestly unfair that it would have split the Democracy of New York hopelessly.

Before the convention met, the most earnest efforts were made to unite the delegates opposed to Mr. Cleveland on some other candidate. The Hill men were prepared to abandon their candidate—with his own consent—if they could find any one on whom they could unite enough votes to nominate him. At one time the Hill delegates believed they had found a compromise candidate in Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland; and in fact they claimed afterward that they had had Mr. Gorman's consent to the use of his name at one time and that he had withdrawn from the contest suddenly in fear of defeat. Whatever the facts are as to Mr. Gorman, the New York delegation went into the convention hall on the afternoon of June 23 at 5 o'clock knowing that unless they had time to make a combination of some kind before morning they were beaten and Mr. Cleveland would be nominated. Every mention of Cleveland's name was the signal for a tremendous display of enthusiasm. When Mr. Hill was mentioned there were cheers from the partisans of the New York man, but there was silence in the galleries.

David B. Hill.

As midnight approached the nominating speeches were being made. There had been an attempt to adjourn earlier, but it had been shouted down by the galleries and voted down by the delegates. The beginning of the nominating speeches had been greeted with frenzied enthusiasm by the galleries. The people there showed no impatience when the speeches in behalf of Mr. Cleveland were being made. They listened with patience which gave way to enthusiasm whenever the name of their candidate was mentioned. But when Hill's name was placed before the convention the galleries showed themselves impatient of the delay. There were cries of "Vote!" and cheers and hisses and such uproar as made speaking well nigh impossible. Still the Cleveland men stuck steadily to their purpose, and every proposition to adjourn met with a vigorous negative.

The final speech for Mr. Hill—or rather against Mr. Cleveland—was to be made by Congressman Bourke Cockran, one of the ablest men in congress, known as a fine speaker and one who met usually with encouragement from his audiences. But the galleries were in no mood to listen to eloquence. John W. Daniel, senator from Virginia and one of Mr. Hill's partisans, had been howled down in disgraceful confusion, while the placid chairman, Mr. Wilson of West Virginia, beat a mild protest on the desk with his gavel. Mr. Cockran made a futile appeal to the convention to adjourn till the next morning. He was not well. He was hoarse, he said, and the tones of his voice and his whole bearing confirmed what he said. But the physical condition of one man or the comfort of a hundred was nothing to the partisans of Mr. Cleveland when it interfered with their programme. Besides, while Mr. Cockran was evidently unwell, might not his illness be exaggerated? Might not this plea be the last trick played by the opposition? No cry for quarter from any one of Mr. Hill's followers would avail. The fight was to be fought to the death, and that before morning.

It was half past 8 o'clock when Bourke Cockran walked down the aisle and took the platform. His hair was rumpled; his necktie was askew; his whole bearing was that of a sick and dispirited man. But when the cries of "vote" from the galleries began he turned on them so swiftly that those who knew Mr. Cockran saw there was life and energy in him still.

Mr. Cleveland's Nomination.

And so, with the galleries hushed to an unwonted silence, with the sullen beating of the rain echoing through the hall, with the dripping of the water that puddled on the floor, and with now and then an ominous muttering from the thunder that almost drowned the orator's voice, began the last desperate plea of the opponents of Mr. Cleveland. The rain was not more monotonous than the speaker's voice at first, the thunder not more sullen than his tones. But as he warmed up to his subject he brought to his aid every latent resource. His throat cleared, and his voice rang out to the farthest corners of the hall. And the argument to which the impatient galleries were forced to listen that night was such a masterful plea as few who sat there will ever listen to again.

And when this wonderful burst of eloquence was over—this speech which will be renowned in the history of convention oratory—why, then the convention nominated Mr. Cleveland on the

JAMES E. CAMPBELL.

first ballot with a total of 617½ votes against 114 for Hill; 103 for Boies of Iowa; 30½ for Gorman, and scattering votes for Stevenson, Morrison, Campbell, Carlisle, Pattison, Russell and Whitney.

And when the work was done and it was moved to make the nomination unanimous, Mr. Cochran arose from the midst of the delegation which had voted solidly for its chief and said, "Mr. Chairman, I want to call the attention of the convention to the fact that upon the motion to make the nomination by acclamation, New York votes aye."

And amid thunders of applause the convention broke up. It was 4 o'clock and the gray dawn was creeping up the horizon when 20,000 tired men filed out of the exits of the convention hall and made their way to hotels and lodging houses under the dripping skies.

GEORGE GRANTHAM BAIN.

For Liver and Stomach Troubles

Reedsville, Pa. June 15, 1896. I have taken Hood's Pills and have found them the best that I have ever used. They are mild and gentle and yet they are permanent and efficient in action. I recommend them to any one suffering with liver trouble or stomach difficulty." Mrs. J. R. Himes, Reedsville, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the one true blood purifier.

Of Interest to Witnesses.

Judge Metzger last week rendered a decision in which he rules that court witnesses are entitled to pay for the number of days they are in actual attendance at court.

The decision was rendered in the case of S. V. Border vs. the *Times* publishing company. It will be remembered that Mr. Border won the suit for wages against the *Times* company after which the company refused to pay Mr. Border's witness bill as made out, contending that the witnesses were not in attendance at court all the time, and therefore were entitled to pay for only one day.

The court in his decision Friday sustains this view of the case. He says: "It seems to us clear, after a thorough consideration of this question, that to entitle witnesses to fees there must be an actual attendance at court, and that they are only entitled to pay for the number of days they actually were in attendance. The weight of authority is strongly in favor of this position, and it is therefore ordered that the prothonotary re-tax the bill of costs in conformity with the opinion."

A violet perfume may be made easily by putting half an ounce of arrowroot, broken into small pieces, in a bottle with two ounces of alcohol. Cork tight and shake well. After it has been standing four or five days a few drops placed on a handkerchief will leave the odor of fresh violets.

A young lady wishes to know if you can tell anything about a gentleman by the color of his eyes. We should not like to risk any positive reply, but will venture to say that something can be determined by the color of his nose.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work.

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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BLOOMSBURG LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

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Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver As

Bloomsburg Pa.

Prices Low and Good Work.

For the finest and best stoves, tinware, roofing, spouting and general job work, go to W. W. Watts, on Iron street. Buildings heated by steam, hot air or hot water in a satisfactory manner. Sanitary Plumbing a specialty.

I have the exclusive control of the Thatcher steam, hot water and hot air heaters for this territory, which is acknowledged to be the best heater on the market. All work guaranteed.

W. W. WATTS,
IRON STREET. **Bloomsburg, Pa.**
10-27-1y

SHOES!

Our Spring Styles of Shoes are nearly all.

25 years experience in shoe buying puts us in the front rank of shoe dealers.

Comfort, style and durability are combined in our shoes.

CORNER IRON AND MAIN STS. **W. H. Moore.**

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,
YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT
W. H. BROWER'S
2nd Door above Court House.
A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

The Red Cross

in the old days used to be on the shields of the Knights. Now you will find it on the face of **Johnson's Belladonna Plaster,** which cures all the pains, aches and distresses that can be got at from the outside of the body. Even the leaping agony of neuralgia dies away under its touch. Yes, and muscular rheumatism, too. Better than ointments or liniments. Its friends are all who have used it.

JOHNSON & JOHNSON, Manufacturing Chemists, New York.

A wife
who has added a little of Seeley's to ordinary coffee knows a grand drink that will please her husband.
If we can sell you one 25c. package of this admixture we'll be satisfied. You'll buy more for it will touch the spot. Grocers have SEELEY'S.

WANTED - A MAN

in each county for one year to hire and superintend agents $3 a month. Stamp age, expenses and references. Enclose stamp. THE HUBBARD CO., 102 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 5-28-4t. d

Something New!

Fred Kumer's improved Artificial Stone Pavement. All kinds of cement work. Prices low and all work guaranteed. All orders by mail promptly attended to.

P. O. Box 374.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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HARDWARE,

TO

Evans' Block,

MAIN and IRON STS.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg.
The best are the cheapest.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .16
Eggs per dozen	.14
Lard per lb	.10
Ham per pound	.12
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	.90
Oats " "	28
Rye " "	.50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.00
Hay per ton	12 to $14
Potatoes per bushel,	.20
Potatoes, per bushel, new	1.00
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	.40
Sweet potatoes per peck	25 to .30
Tallow per lb	.4½
Shoulder " "	.10
Side meat " "	.10
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.10
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.50
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.00
Chop "	1.00
Middlings "	1.00
Chickens per lb new	.12
" " " old	.12
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.08
COAL.	
No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

Bring the Babies.

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Strictly first-class guaranteed photographs, crayons and copys at reasonable prices. We use exclusively the Collotion Aristotype papers, thus securing greater beauty of finish and permanency of results. CAPWELL,

MARKET SQUARE GALLERY.

11-22-1y. Over Hartman's Store.

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W. A. Hartzel, Prop. Peter F. Reidy, Manager
No. 121 West Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large and convenient sample rooms Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and al modern conveniences. Bar stocked with bes wines and liquors. First-class livery attached

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

Not one part but *every* part of HIRES Rootbeer tends toward making it the perfect temperance and healthgiving drink.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A 5c. package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

1-18-4t. d

The Leading Conservatory of America
CARL FAELTEN, DIRECTOR.
Founded in 1867 by
E. TOURJÉE.
NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. BOSTON, MASS.
FRANKLIN SQ.
Send for Prospectus giving full information.
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ASK FOR THE BOOKLET ON "LIGHT" AND
Burn ACME (Crown Oil.)
GIVES THE BEST LIGHT IN THE WORLD AND ABSOLUTELY SAFE

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, June 26th, 1896.

Little except the Chicago convention is talked about by the politicians of all parties who are now in Washington. All sorts of guesses are being made as to what the convention will do, but nobody pretends to be able to do more than guess. One thing seems certain, if such democrats as Senators Harris of Tenn., and Jones of Ark., are in touch with the controlling element in the convention, as they are believed to be. That is, that Senator Teller will not be even seriously considered as a candidate for the Presidential nomination. Another thing which seems probable, if not quite certain, is that the South will not furnish the candidate. Senator Blackburn, who has been endorsed by the Kentucky democrats, will, it is stated, declare his appreciation of the compliment and then decline the support offered, because of his belief that it would be unwise to nominate a Southern man.

It is generally admitted by democrats that the fight in the Chicago convention will probably be the bitterest since the convention of 1860, but they all hope that the result will not be so disastrous; and all are certain whatever the outcome that there will not be two democratic Presidential tickets in the field this year. Ample time is to be given for the delegates to fully consider the platform and the ticket, with the understanding that when action is taken it shall be concurred in by the minority. Notwithstanding the extraordinary efforts which President Cleveland and his friends are making to prevent it, the general impression among all classess of politicians is that the platform will declare for the independent free coinage of silver by this country at the ratio of 16 to 1.

There was no surprise in Washing- when it was stated as coming direct from Mr. Hobart himself that his nomination for Vice President was the result of an understanding months before the convention with Mark Hanna, but when Hobart's talk got back to Hanna there was probably a few remarks made which could not be printed in a family newspaper. One republican remarked, when told what Hobart had said, that he thought Hanna might at least have selected a man who knew enough to keep his mouth shut.

It looks like it may be ascertained after a while just what it costs to make armor plate for warships. During the last session of Congress the Senate Naval committee made a bluff at finding out, but it made such a bad failure that the House committee announced its intention to try, and meanwhile insisted upon inserting in the naval appropriation bill a clause instructing the Secretary of the Navy to make no more contracts for armor plate until Congress acted upon the matter, and also instructing him to have an investigation made by naval officers. This week Secretary Herbert appointed a board consisting of Capt. W. T. Sampson, chief of the Bureau of Ordinance; Lt. Commander N. E. Niles, and Lt. A. A. Ackerman to investigate and report to Congress. The general belief is that too much has been charged for the plates by the only two concerns in the county which have the plants to make them.

"I see," said a man, who served in Congress with McKinley and who knows him too well to vote for him, "that Mark Hanna is reported to have said that McKinley secured that nomination without making any promises. If Hanna said that he must have been joking, for he must know that making promises has always been a weakness with McKinley. Why, it kept him in hot water nearly all the time he was Governor of Ohio, and he even went so far sometimes as to promise the same thing to two different men. In one such case, where both men had too much influence to be turned down, he had to get the legislature to help him out at the expense of the State by making two positions at $5,000 a year where only one had existed when he promised it to two men. Not made any promises. Why, I'll bet my very head that McKinley has promised away every position worth having in the gift of the President, and nobody knows it any better than Mark Hanna."

While the rumor mongers were firing off whole broadsides of Fourth-of-July war fireworks, based upon what they supposed would be the nature of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee's report on the situation in Cuba, which, by the way, the President has not yet received, the President was catching a few salt fish, and Secretary Olney was getting two or three days rest out of town. When it comes down to hard work the sensational newspaper man wears the belt all the time.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best. 1m.

An eminent physician is quoted as saying that "not within 20 years has there been any one thing which has so benefited mankind as the invention of the bicycle," and "that hundreds of thousands of men and women, who formerly practically had no exercise, are now devoting half their time to healthy recreation, and not only strengthening and developing their own bodies, but are preparing the way for future generations which will be born of healthy parents." Americans have never taken sufficient outdoor exercise. We have been a nation of dyspeptics, simply because we did not take enough physical exercise to develop and strengthen our bodies. The bicycle will put all this right, and it is safe to say that the loss in "drugs" and "doctors' fees" will be far too significant an item to be admitted for future statistics on the commercial influence of the new national pastime.

The man or woman accepting valuable favors from sincere friends and failing to show their appreciation in return for the same in little acts of kindness costing nothing, are very ungrateful indeed. It is just such unappreciativeness that brings estrangement between friends, and when adversity comes upon us and we need their assistance the most, is when we discover our short-comings in all their hideousness. Those who would have sincere friends upon whom to depend in the hour of adversity, must not only deserve them, but retain them as well.

The Best After Dinner Pill.

Hood's Pills aid digestion, prevent that feeling of fullness or distress and gently yet effectively assist in the assimilation and digestion of food. They do not gripe or pain and they do not weaken the body. On the contrary they have a strengthening and stimulating effect. They rouse the liver, prevent sickness and cure sick headache. Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless and may be used safely by delicate women and children.

Destroying Apple Trees.

A new pest in the shape of an apple tree destroyer is worrying the fruit growers throughout the State. The troublesome thing is a small white worm which ensconces itself in the end of the limb of the trees and bores away until it causes the blight of the leaves. It was never heard of before this Spring and the experimental stations of the State have taken up the matter and will make an investigation.

Don't sleep with eyes facing the light is a caution given by all oculists. A test by closing the eyes when facing the light quickly shows that the strain is only lessened, not removed, and the interposition of an adequate shade is as grateful to the shut eyes as when they are open. It is sometimes necessary in a small room to have the bed face the window, but even then by means of shades rolling from the bottom instead of from the top, the window may be covered to the few inches left free for the passage of air.

Subscribe for the COLUMBIAN

Dr. BULL'S PILLS

Cure kidney, liver, stomach and blood disorders. They make healthy red blood, and firm solid flesh and muscles. Dr. John W. Bull's Pills are the best blood purifier, and a true tonic. Price 25 cents.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail. A. C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

MARK A. HANNA, CHAIRMAN.

The New Head of the National Republican Committee is a Heavyweight.

Mark A. Hanna, the astute manager of McKinley's campaign, is an iron manufacturer of Cleveland, Ohio, and a millionaire several times over. He is a warm personal friend of Maj. McKinley, which fact is said by his friends to be his chief motive in working with

MARK A. HANNA.

all his might and spending money lavishly in behalf of the latter, though of course a protective tariff would benefit his business. Mr. Hanna is a very large man, weighing nearly 250 pounds. He was a personal friend of Gen. Garfield, and had a hand in bringing about his nomination for the Presidency. The accompanying picture is a good likeness of Mr. Hanna.

The Decline of Patriotism in Washington

"There is something the matter with our people of late years," said Mr. W. H. Jones.

"Here it is June, and not a word has been said or anything been done about a Fourth of July celebration. To the old resident, who looked upon the fireworks in the White Lot on the evening of the glorious Fourth, as the great event of the year this seems strange. Speak to any of the members of the Oldest Inhabitants' Association and he will surely agree with me that our Fourth of July celebrations, day and night, of thirty, forty or fifty years ago were, indeed, glorious events, and I would be happy if they should be restored, so that our grandchildren could for once see how we did things in our day.

"Our best fireworks were made in the old arsenal, at the foot of Four-and-a-half street, and cost from $500 to $1,000, and were paid for by an appropriation by Congress or city councils. We gave as much attention to the Fourth as do the people of the New England towns, and had parades, brass bands, and a general celebration. Every one enjoyed it, and it made us feel more patriotic. It may be we are wrong, and that the modern way of celebrating the glorious Fourth, by tying up two or three sandwiches in a paper and jumping on a bicycle and riding out in the country on dusty roads in the boiling sun, is the more patriotic, but the old inhabitant cannot see it that way. There are many changes as time passes along, but, like many other old people, I regret that we forget the glorious Fourth and do not publicly celebrate it any more.

Daniel Was There.

A rich old speculator imagined that he knew about art, whereas he was an ignoramus in regard to everything, in fact, except in making money. This old fraud determined to make a valuable present to his son-in-law, who was a preacher.

It was suggested to him that an oil painting representing "Daniel in the Lions' Den" would be very appropriate, so an order was given to a painter to produce the work of art. It was almost finished when the old speculator was called to inspect it. It represented a cross section of the den with Daniel walking about among the lions. When the old man saw the picture he refused to take it. He insisted that if Daniel was in the den neither he nor lions could be seen, and the artist had to cover the lions and Dan with a thick coat of black paint.

When the son-in-law was presented with the picture he was somewhat dazed to know what it represented.

"It represents 'Daniel in the Lions' Den,'" replied the art critic.

"But I don't see either of them."

"That makes no difference. They are in there. I saw 'em myself."—Youth's Companion.

THE CANDIDATE.

Mr. Boozer (with a lamp chimney in his hand)—Queer—hic—can't get—hic—this glass filled with water.
—New York Herald.

The correct way to drain an umbrella is to stand it handle down. If put the other way the dampness remains in the centre, where all the water collects and very soon rots the covering.

THE BLUES.

A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF THE DREADFUL FEELING.

What Is Meant by This Form of Acute Misery—Where Doctors Make Mistakes.

When a cheerful, brave, light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the BLUES, it is a sad picture.

It is usually this way:—

She has been feeling "out of sorts" for some time; head has ached, and back also; has slept poorly; been quite nervous, and nearly fainted once or twice; head dizzy, and heart has beat very fast; then that bearing-down feeling. Her doctor says, "cheer up, you have dyspepsia; you'll be all right soon."

But she doesn't get "all right." She grows worse day by day, till all at once she realizes that a distressing female complaint is established.

Her doctor has made a mistake.

She has lost faith in him; hope vanishes; then comes the brooding, morbid, melancholy, everlasting BLUES. Her doctor, if he knew, should have told her and cured her, but he did not, and she was allowed to suffer. By chance she came across one of Mrs. Pinkham's books, and in it she found her very symptoms described and an explanation of what they meant. Then she wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice, feeling that she was telling her troubles to a woman. Speedy relief followed, and vigorous health returned.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound instantly asserts its curative powers in all those peculiar ailments of women. It has been the standby of intelligent American women for twenty years, and the story recited above is the true experience of hundreds of women, whose letters of gratitude are to be found on file in Mrs. Pinkham's library.

Remember This!

That when you are looking for a place to purchase meats, that we have recently opened a new meat market in the Evans Building, corner of Main and Jefferson streets, where you will receive polite and prompt attention, and get the best quality of meats.

John H. Kleckner.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISEASES. They purify the BLOOD and give HEALTHY action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

7-12-1y

Chichester S Eng lish Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada.

Sold by all Local Druggists. 5-8-4-td

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HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

If you are CONSUMPTIVE or have Indigestion, Painful Ills or Debility of any kind use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. Many who were hopeless and discouraged have regained health by its use.

I RESTORE LOST MANHOOD

Young and middle-aged men who suffer from errors of youth, loss of vitality, impotency, seminal weakness, gleet, strictures, weakness of body and mind, can be thoroughly and permanently cured by my new method of treatment. None other like it, immediate improvement. Consultation and book free. Add. DR. SMITH, Lock box 635, Phila. Pa.

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Lafayette College,

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Seven courses in Arts, Philosophy and Science, Civil, Mining, Electrical Engineering and Chemistry. Annual Commencement June 17th. Fall term begins September 17th.

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Artificial stone paving in all its branches, including Mellick's patent arch pavement. All work guaranteed.

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—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

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Telephone connection.

A REMARKABLE OFFER.

For a short time Ralph G. Phillips, the photographer, is making one life size photograph, value $5.00, and thirteen cabinet photographs all for $3.00.

All work guaranteed.

Ralph G. Phillips,

Ground Floor Gallery, Opposite Central Hote

BLOOMSBURG, PA,

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Successor to J. L. WOLVERTON

We sell for cash but our prices are the lowest in the town. Goods delivered to all parts of the town.

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In effect May, 17, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.45 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.20 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.20.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 5.00 6.33, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 3.20 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.05 a. m.
Leave Reading 11.55 a. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.27 a. m.,
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.20 a m, 4.30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.22, 5.15.
Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 11.56 1.37, 3.31, 6.23.

FORATLANTIC CITY.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00, a. m., [Saturday only, 1.30,] 2.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, p. m. Accom. 8.00 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., Accommodation, 8 00 a. m. and 4.45 p. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.00, 7.45, 9 00, a. m., 3.30, 5.30, p. m. Accommodation, 6.25, 8.15 a. m. 4.32 p. m.

Sunday—Express, 4.00, 5.30, 8.00 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt

SOUTH.— B. & S. R. R. —NORTH

ARRIVE.							LEAVE
a m	a. m.	p m	p.m.	STATIONS.	a m	p m	p m	a m
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsbu'g.	8.30	2.40	6.40	6.10
7.08	11.35	6.26	2.31	" P. & R.	8.33	2.42	6.44	6.13
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.28	" Main st.,	8.36	2.45	6.47	
		6.20	2.32	..Irondale...		2.47	6.50	6.25
6.53	11.23	6.12	2 20	Paper Mill.	8 44	2.54	6.58	6.37
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	..Light St..	8.47	3.00	7.02	6.50
6.40	11.10	5.59	2.00	Orangeville.	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10
6.29	11.01	5.48	1.35	...Forks....	9.06	3.20	7.20	7.35
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	...Zaner's...	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.45
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	.Stillwater .	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00
6.08	10.43	5.27	1.10	...Benton...	9.23	3.40	7.39	8.40
6.04	10.40	5.22	12.55	...Edson's...	9.26	3.45	7.44	8.50
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.30	.Cole's Cr'k.	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53
5.58	10.35	5.16	12.25	.Sugarloaf..	9.31	3.52	7.52	9.00
5.53	10.32	5.13	12 20	...Laubach...	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10
5.43	10.23	5.03	12.05	...Central...	9.45	4.07	8.07	9.30
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	.Jam. City..	9.50	4.10	8.10	9.40
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE								ARRIVE

Pennsylvania Railroad

Time Table in effect June 14, '96

Scranton(D & H)	lv	6 45	‡ 9 38	‡ 9 30	‡ 4 51
Pittston " "		7 08	†10 00	‡ 2 56	6 06
Wilkesbarre	lv	‡ 7 30	†10 15	‡ 3 17	‡ 6 00
Plym'th Ferry	"	‡ 7 38	10 21	‡ 3 24	‡ 6 05
Nanticoke	"	7 46	10 30	3 39	6 14
Mocanaqua	"	8 04	10 50	3 47	6 35
Wapwallopen	"	8 13	11 00	3 57	6 45
Nescopeck	ar	8 24	11 11	4 08	6 58
Nescopeck	lv	8 24	†11 11	4 09	
Creasy	"	8 33	Via	4 17	
Espy Ferry	"	‡ 8 43	Rock	‡ 4 27	
E. Bloomsburg	"	8 47	Glen	4 32	
Catawissa	ar	8 55	12 18	4 39	
Catawissa	lv	8 55	12 18	4 39	
S. Danville	"	9 14	12 34	4 57	
Sunbury	"	9 35	12 55	5 20	
Sunbury	lv	‡ 9 58	‡ 1 00	‡ 5 40	
Lewisburg	ar	10 29	1 45	6 10	
Milton	"	10 44	1 59	6 26	
Williamsport	"	11 15	2 30	7 00	
Lock Haven	"	12 20	3 32	8 00	
Renovo	"	P. M.	4 30	9 00	
Kane	"		8 10		
Sunbury	lv	‡ 9 48	‡ 1 55	‡ 5 30	
Harrisburg	ar	†11 30	‡ 3 20	‡ 7 10	
Philadelphia	ar	‡ 3 00	‡ 6 23	†11 15	
Baltimore	"	‡ 3 10	‡ 6 00	†10 40	
Washington	"	‡ 4 10	‡ 7 15		
Sunbury	lv	†10 05	‡ 2 45		
Lewistown Jc	ar	†12 05	‡ 4 37		
Pittsburg	"	‡ 7 20	†11 30		
Harrisburg	lv		‡ 3 50	‡ 7 30	
Pittsburg	ar		†11 30	‡ 2 00	

‡ Daily, except Sunday. Daily. † Flag station.

Pittsburg	lv	‡ 7 05	‡ 3 10		† 8 00
Harrisburg	ar	‡ 2 10	‡ 3 30		‡ 3 10
Pittsburg	lv				† 8 00
Lewistown Jc.	"		† 7 38		‡ 3 15
Sunbury	ar		‡ 9 28		‡ 5 10
Washington	lv	†10 40			†10 30
Baltimore	"	†11 50	‡ 4 55		†11 40
Philadelphia	"	†11 20	‡ 4 30		†12 25
Harrisburg	lv	‡ 3 30	‡ 8 15		‡ 3 55
Sunbury	ar	‡ 5 08	‡ 9 56		‡ 5 35
Erie	lv	‡ 3 95			
Kane	"	7 05			† 6 30
Renovo	"	10 35			10 25
Lock Haven	"	11 25	† 7 15		P. M.
Williamsport	"	A. M. 3 25	8 15		3 00
Milton	"	4 12	9 10		4 00
Lewisburg	"		9 00		4 47
Sunbury	ar	4 36	9 38		5 25
Sunbury	lv	†10 00			† 5 43
S. Danville	"	5 48	10 22		6 07
Catawissa	"	6 08	10 40		6 26
E. Bloomsburg	"	Via	10 48		6 33
Espy Ferry	"	Rock	†10 52		† 6 38
Creasy	"	Glen.	11 01		6 48
Nescopeck	ar	8 07	11 11		6 58
Nescopeck	lv		†11 11		† 6 58
Rock Glen	ar	† 6 52	†11 37		7 22
Fern Glen	"	6 59	11 43		7 27
Tomhicken	"	7 10	11 54		7 34
Hazleton	"	7 34	P. M. 12 15		7 56
Pottsville	"	8 45	1 20		9 05
Nescopeck	lv	† 8 07	†11 11	† 4 08	† 6 58
Wapwallopen	ar	8 18	11 22	4 20	7 09
Mocanaqua	"	8 28	11 32	4 32	7 21
Nanticoke	"	8 48	11 54	4 53	7 42
Plym'th Ferry	"	‡ 8 56	P. M. 12 02	5 01	7 52
Wilkesbarre	"	9 05	12 10	5 10	8 00
Pittston(D & H)	ar	† 9 41	†12 49	† 5 54	† 8 32
Scranton " "		10 10	1 16	6 21	9 03

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily. ‡ Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 05	5 50
Cameron	6 38	.....	.....	6 03
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 26	6 13
Catawissa	7 03	2 26	10 39	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 44	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 15	2 36	10 49	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	.....	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick	7 48	3 01	11 12	7 06
Beach Haven	7 54	3 07	11 18	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 13		7 19
Shickshinny	8 10	3 24	11 33	7 35
Hunlock's	8 20	3 34	.....	7 47
Nanticoke	8 27	3 42	11 49	7 54
Avondale	8 32	3 47	.....	7 58
Plymouth	8 37	3 52	11 56	8 03
Plymouth Junction	8 42	3 57	.....	8 07
Kingston	8 50	4 05	12 05	8 12
Bennett	8 53	4 08	.....	8 16
Forty Fort	8 56	4 11	.....	8 19
Wyoming	9 01	4 17	12 16	8 25
West Pittston	9 06	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave	9 10	4 25	12 23	8 33
Pittston	9 15	4 30	12 26	8 39
Duryea	9 19	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	9 32	4 45	12 40	8 57
Bellevue	9 37	4 50	.....	9 02
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 48	9 07

STATIONS.	WEST. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 55	1 55	6 0
Bellevue	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 04	2 05	6 10
Lackawanna	6 18	10 11	2 13	6 17
Duryea	6 22	10 14	2 16	6 21
Pittston	6 28	10 18	2 20	6 2
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 21	2 23	6 28
West Pittston	6 35	10 24	2 27	6 31
Wyoming	6 40	10 29	2 32	6 36
Forty Fort	6 45	.....	.....	.....
Bennett	6 48	10 36	2 39	6 44
Kingston	6 54	10 39	2 45	6 53
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 43	2 50	.....
Plymouth	7 04	10 47	2 54	7 06
Avondale	7 09	.....	2 58	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 54	3 01	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	11 00	3 10	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 10	3 24	7 35
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 35	7 47
Beach Haven	7 54	11 33	3 42	7 53
Berwick	8 00	11 40	3 49	8 00
Briarcreek	8 06	.....	3 55	.....
Willow Grove	8 20	11 50	3 59	8 11
Lime Ridge	8 14	11 56	4 04	8 1
Espy	8 21	12 04	4 11	8 2
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 12	4 17	8 30
Rupert	8 34	12 18	4 23	8 36
Catawissa	8 40	12 23	4 29	8 41
Danville	8 55	12 37	4 42	8 58
Caulasky	.....	.....	4 49	.....
Cameron	9 05	12 46	4 54	9 16
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 20	1 00	5 08	9 28
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & R. Div. P. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium Warren Corry and Erie.

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All communications should be addressed to

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1896.

COMMENCEMENT.

CLOSING EXERCISES AT THE NORMAL.

The exercises of Commencement week began on Sunday afternoon, when the Baccalaureate address was delivered in the Auditorium by Mr. Charles Hurlburt, of Philadelphia. It was an able discourse, and was listened to by a large audience. An octette was sung by members of the graduating class, and Rev. Mr. Weber, of Sunbury, read a chapter from the Bible.

FIELD SPORTS.

On Monday morning the field sports took place on the athletic field. They were as follows:

100 yards dash—Won by Worthington in 11 and one-fifth seconds; Davis second.

Running high jump—Won by Smethers at 4 feet 11 inches; Worthington second. Smethers jumped for a record, making 5 feet, 2 inches.

Pole vault—Won by McNertney at 8 feet, 9 inches; Smethers second. McNertney then tried for a record, clearing the bar at 9 feet.

Putting 16 pound shot—Won by Barnd at 30 feet, 10 inches; Keefer second. Barnd tried for a record and put the shot 32 feet.

100 yard dash, by Model School boys—Won by Fred Welsh in 15 seconds; Joe Gidding second.

Running broad jump—Won by Davis at 18 feet, 8 inches; Miller second.

Mile run—Won by Shipman; Smethers second.

Smethers took the first all-round prize.

JUNIOR EXHIBITION.

The Class of '97 held their annual exhibition in the Auditorium on Monday evening. The exercises began with an overture by the orchestra, and an address by the class president, James Miller. Then the drama of "King Rene's Daughter" was presented in a creditable manner.

The hall was crowded, all the seats being filled, and many persons standing.

CLASS OF '97.

The following are the members of the Senior Class for next year:

John O. Adamson, Charles Appleman, Florence Bachman, Grant Beaver, Amy Beishline, Ella Benedict, Ernest Brown, Harry Brown, Martha Brugler, W. C. Burns, Henry Butts, Susan B. Bodmer, Ruth S. Butler, Jennie Carl, Gertrude Cassidy, Madge Cross, Thomas Cule, Bridgetta Cunningham, Agnes Canthin, Lizzie Dailey, Bessie Davis, Agnes D. Dodson, May Eckroth, Anna Edwards, Mary Ely, Franklin Eroh, Edith Eves, Fred Eves, May Edmunds, Gertrude Freeman, Elam Fredricksson, Esther Fredricksson, Harvey Gelnett, Martha Gillaspy, Mary Good, Laura Grover, C. H. Gearhart, Jessie L. Gilchrist, John Hause, Myrtle Henrie, D. M. Hess, George Houck, John Hower, Dora Huber, Anna James, Lizzie James' Louie Johnson, Maude Jones, Katie Jordan, Hattie James, Josiah Johnson, Chas. Kass, Lee Kaufman, Bertha Kelly, Harvey Klock, Mary Knapp, Walter Knauss, C. E. Kreischer, Samuel Kressler, Oren Kreisher, Branson Kuhns, Clara Knorr, Annie Kane, Maud Keiper, Zerbin Low, John Landis, Helen Lawall, Grace Lawrence, Frank Layman, Grace Paul Leaw, Anna Levan, Elmer Levan, Blanche Lowrie, Grace Lendrum, Margaret Lesher, Mary E. Lechleitner, Margaret MacFarlane, Mae Meixell, Hattie Meyers, James Miller, Mary Milnes, John Moran, Calvin Moyer, Emily McCullough, John McNertney, Maude Marsden, Eva A. Martin, Jean F. Menzies, J. L. Morgan, Elizabeth Moyer, Mabel Moyer, Foster C. Munroe, Ella Nevin, Josephine Nicely, Blanch Nyc, Jessie Oliver, A. B. Oplinger, Chas. Oplinger, May Otto, Robert Pealer, W. A. Price, Minnie Prutzman, Lenora L. Pettibone, Anna Poole, Fred Powel, Charles Quick, Bessie Rawlings, Kiler Richards, Marion Riffo, Bessie Robison, Ora Rollison, Belle Ruckle, Judson Rude, W. S. Robinson, Richard Rosser, Mary Savidge, Anna Seaman, Mary Seeley, Bertha Shortz, Charles Skeer, Nelson Spencer, George Styer, Martin Swank, Ralph Shipman, Laura Smith, Ralph W. Sands, Annie C. Schlayer, Sara F. Schultz, David Silverman, Isabel Smith, Nora M. Stanton, Jessie Swift, Florence Taylor, Mary Tobin, Charles Traub, Nora Umstead, Helen Vanderslice, Jessie Vandine, Eva Vandine, Mary E. Veale, Curtis Welliver, Theodocia Welliver, Harry Wilbur, Mary E. Williams, Mary J. Williams, Elsie Wilson, Bertha Wright, Mira Wright, Ida Walz, Matilda C. Wetteran, Bessie Whitson, Ruth Williams and Joyce Williams.

The Class of '94 held a re-union on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

CLASS DAY.

The Class Day exercises of '96 were held in the Auditorium on Tuesday evening. The following was the program:

Address, E. R. Hughes, President.

Piano, *a.* If I were a Bird—*Henselt*, *b.* Valse, Op. 70, No. 1—*Chopin*, Ethel V. Nance.

Essay, An Earnest Purpose, C. Lavina Lynch.

Class History, Warren N. Shuman.

Song, "The Lemon and Maroon"—*King*, E. R. Hughes, Harry Barton, DeForest Hummer, Boyd Maize.

Oration, The Progress of Public Opinion, J. Sharpless Fox.

Class Prophecy, Hattie F. Carpenter.

Song, "Summer" — *Chaminade*, Vida Bowman.

Class Poem, Gertrude Miller.

Class Will, Charles M. Oman.

Piano, Valse in D flat major—*Wieniawski*, Delia Geisinger.

Recitation, "Blind Girl of Castle-Cuille—*Longfellow*, May S. O'Malley.

Presentation of Class Souvenirs, Mary R. Harris.

Song, "Annie Lawrie," arr. by *Potter*, Vida Bowman, Cora Gernon, Marion Chase, Geraldine Connor, Gertrude Morse, Florence Lins, Louise Easen; Gertrude Reese.

Presentation of Class Memorial, Eleanor Quick.

Mantle Oration, Harry Barton.

COMMENCEMENT.

At ten o'clock on Wednesday the Auditorium was filled to overflowing with an interested audience, to witness the last act in the school life of the Class of '96. The program was as follows:

Prayer by Rev. David N. Kirkby.

Music, Overture, Op. 65—*Brooke*, B. S. N. S. Orchestra.

Conferring of Degrees, Class of '96.

Conferring of Master Degree, Class of '94.

Presenting Diplomas to Graduate Students.

Presenting State Certificates.

Music, Concert Polonaise—*Beissig*, B. S. N. S. Orchestra.

Presenting Diplomas to College Preparatory Graduates.

Presenting Diplomas to Graduates in Music.

Music, *a.* Nocturne for Clarinet and Flute—*Behr*, Messrs. Foulke and Murphy; *b.* Souvenir de Lucerne—*Keler Bela*, B. S. N. S. Orchestra.

Commencement address by Dr. A. Lincoln Hulley.

Music, Polka Brilliante—*Buechel*, B. S. N. S. Orchestra.

Class Song—*Barnby*.

Benediction by Rev. B. C. Conner.

The following graduates have passed successful examinations under the State Board of Examiners, in the branches named, and have had their diplomas endorsed accordingly:

L. P. Bierly, '85, 5 Orations of Cicero and 3 Books of Virgil.

Charles Cloud, Geology.

Mark Creasy. '91, Solid Geom., Plane and Analytical Trig.

Sarah Diseroad, '95, Solid Geom.

Edna Eves, '95, Solid Geometry, Trigonometry, Surveying.

A. E. Gehman, Trigonometry and Surveying, English Literature, Logic, Moral Science, Chemistry.

Boyd Maize, '95, Trigonometry and Surveying, Solid Geom., Chemistry, 4 Orations of Cicero.

I. A. Seltzer, Plane and Analytical Trigonometry, Solid Geometry.

D. D. Stroup, '94, Advanced Psychology.

Emily Wheeler, '95, Astronomy, Solid Geometry.

David Wiant, '94, Trigonometry, Surveying, Zoology, Geology, Political Economy, Entomology.

It will be seen that a radical change has been made in the program. Instead of a dozen or more orations and essays by members of the graduating class, there was but one address, and that was given by Dr. Hulley. It was a scholarly production, and held attention from first to last. The music was all well rendered.

CLASS OF '96.

ELEMENTARY COURSE.

Ida D. Andrews, Jennie C. Arbogast, Jeanetta Ashton, Mary Atherton, Harry Barnes, Harry S. Barton, Mary F. Bell, Rosa Benedict, J. Shuman Best, Vida Bowman, Charles I. Boyer, Vida F. Brown, Minnie Capwell, Hattie Carpenter, Helen Carpenter, Clara Carr, Nellie Carter, Tillie Casey, Marion Chase, Bridgetta Clark, Celia Cohen, Hettie Cope, Mary Cope, Geraldine G. Conner, Lizzie Culp, Fred M. Davenport, Isaiah Detwiler, Lizzie Dooris, Nora Drum, Nellie Duggan, Louise Easen, Sharpless Fox, Annie A. Fox, Harry P. Gable, Mary B. Gallagher, Gertrude Garrison, Cora Bell Gernon, Luella E. Good, Sadie Gribbon, Mary Gruver, Nellie Harding, Mary R. Harris, Peter S. Hart, Lillian B. Helwig, Amos Hess, Rush N. Hosler, Alfred Houtz, Edward R. Hughes, Stella Hughes, Bartlett H. Johnson, Martha Jones, Charles M. Keefer, Minnie Kisner, Charlotte Kistner, Florence Kitchen, Elizabeth S. Knox, Bertha Lamereaux, Lauretta Latshaw, Janet A. Lindsay, Florence A. Lins, Margaret R. Lodge, Lizzie J. Love, Mary B. Love, Lavina C. Lynch, Maude McAlarney, Mary E. McCarville, Grace McLaughlin, Elizabeth McKane, Martha M. McKinney, Anna Ruth McNiff, W. C. Mauser, Inez May, Ida E. Miller, Elizabeth V. Miller, Rose E. Monahan, Mamie V. Moore, Julia Moran, Gertrude Morse, Alvin E. Moyer, Ezra W. Moyer, Mira Moyer, Ray Moyer, Mary Mundie, Allie Muir, Gertrude Muir, Lizzie Norris, Frederick Nyhart, Ella O'Brien, Gertrude Oliver, Belinda O'Malley, May O'Malley, Mary O'Malley, Charles M. Oman, Mabel Perley, Henry Powell, Esther Powell, Eleanor S. Quick, Gertrude L. Rees, Daisy Reimensnyder, Selena A. Robins, Jennie Rosser, Emma Ruggles, Millie Seely, Margaret Shea, William H. Shemorry, Maude Sherwood, Harman Shuman, Warren Shuman, Archie L. Smethers, Crawford Smith, Mida D. Smith, Daniel Snyder, Lottie Stark, Jennie Sutliff, Myrtle A. Swartz, James E. Teple, Minnie Terwilliger, Etta M. Thielke, Maude M. Thompson, Anna Trevaskis, Bessie E. Vance, Leora F. VanLoan, Millie K. Wagner, Georgia A. Watson, Mamie Wegge, Annie U. Wert, Jessie C. Wilson, Rachel Winter, Stella Yohe, Mabel G. Yost, Elizabeth Zehner, Katherine Zeiders.

REGULAR NORMAL COURSE.

(One year in addition to the Elementary Course.)

Margaret Evans, Julia Sharpless.

PREPARATORY COLLEGIATE COURSE.

Arthur Crossley, John Knittle, Frank Lutz, Boyd Maize. Charles W. Miller Jr., Gertrude Miller, Bertha Shoemaker, Edna Wilson.

PIANO-FORTE COURSE.

Delia Geisinger, Ethel V. Nance.

ALUMNI MEETING.

At the close of the exercises a meeting of the Alumni Association was held for the transaction of business and election of officers for the ensuing year.

ALUMNI DINNER.

At about two o'clock the spacious dining hall was opened, and the Alumni to the number of several hundred sat down to a sumptuous repast, provided under the direction of Steward Housel. Then followed the intellectual feast, with Dr. Welsh as toast-master. After music by the orchestra, M. Katherine McNiff responded to the toast "The family life of our school." Geraldine Conner spoke for the "Class of '96. "Athletics" received due attention, and then after more music by the orchestra, the exercises closed, and one of the most successful commencements the school has ever known was over.

Barring the fact that McKinley was nominated on the anniversary of the defeat of Napoleon, whom he apes; Hobart, his running mate, is enough to make a Jonah out of the Republican ticket. The latter is the third man who has aspired to be Vice President from New Jersey. Frelinghuysen, who ran with Clay in 1844, was the first. Dayton, who ran with Fremont, in 1856, was the second; and both got licked. Now for Hobart and his Napoleon's Waterloo.

The invitation of the St. Louis convention to the women of the country to help the Republican party redeem the land from Democracy will not win them over to protection and high prices. The influence of the petticoat element was felt in 1892, when it arrayed itself with the Democrats, and the women are intelligent enough to know that they got what they wanted in better bargains in everything.

There are some people in the world who seem never to know a good thing when they see it, or to appreciate a good thing when they have it. To such knowledge can only come by bitter experience, and they never learn the bitter lesson until it is too late to avoid the consequences of their own folly, or to retrieve the loss.

Although they may suffer the bitterest regret over the loss—whether it be of position, friendship or money—that will avail them nothing. Far better it is to appreciate the good things we have, be governed by the advice of sincere friends and to strive in every way to merit the positions of trust we are called to fill, always bearing in mind the trite axiom that "a bird in the hand is worth more than two in the bush."

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

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The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

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NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

Low Rates to Buffalo, N. Y., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the accommodation of persons who desire to visit Buffalo, N. Y., on the occasion of the meeting of the National Educational Association, to be held in that city from July 7 to 11, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell on July 5 and 6 excursion tickets through to Buffalo and return at *a single fare for the round trip*, plus $2.00 (the latter amount for membership fee). Tickets are good only for continuous passage in both directions, going passage to be commenced on date of issue, and require to be validated by Joint Agent at Buffalo before they will be accepted for return passage. They will be good returning July 11 to 15 only, unless deposited with Joint Agent not later than July 10, when return limit may be extended not later than July 31, 1896.

Tickets will not be good for passage on New York and Chicago Limited Express, nor on limited express trains of New York Central and Hudson River Railroad.

Information in regard to exact rates and time of trains can be obtained on application to the nearest ticket agent.

That Catarrh is a Local Affection

of the membrane of the nose, throat, etc., is a fact established by physicians, and this authority should carry more weight than assertions of incompetent parties, who claim that catarrh is a blood affection, in order to make a market for their compound. Ely's Cream Balm is a local remedy, composed of harmless medicants and free of mercury or any injurious drug. It will cure catarrh. Applied directly to the inflamed membrane, it restores it to its healthy condition, affording quick relief and a cure after short continuance.

How Wilkes-Barre Keeps Her Streets Clean.

The city of Wilkes-Barre has adopted a plan to keep its streets free from refuse of many kinds, and in this respect has fallen into line with the most advanced cities in the world. She has placed barrels on her street corners, into which all refuse may be thrown. Envelopes, pieces of waste paper, banana skins, candy boxes, and all that wide class of refuse that usually finds its way to the sidewalks and into the streets is now thrown into these receptacles, whence they are taken at stated times by the garbage men and removed to the city's dumping plot. Men use these receptacles as a novelty at first but this leads to methodical habit and thus the desired end is attained.

How would this plan work in Bloomsburg? It would cost but little to give it a trial and we believe that it would be more economical than the present method, and in addition the streets and sidewalks would at all times present a clean appearance, that is if those who now seem to take particular pains to throw banana peels, orange skins, peanut shells, paper bags, &c., on the pavement for the owner of the premises to sweep up, or for anybody to slip down on, would use these barrels.

A MINE HORROR.

A Hundred Men Imprisoned in the Twin Shaft at Pittston. Were Trying to Prevent a Cave-in when it Occurred.

The most terrible disaster that has occurred since the memorable explosion at Avondale, in September, 1868, occurred last Monday morning at 3 o'clock at the Twin Shaft of the Newton Coal Co. at Pittston Junction, only a few feet from the D. L. & W. depot, and from where the Pittston street car stops at the terminus of its route. Part of the mine had been "working" for some days and a body of men, estimated at from 65 to 75, in charge of superintendents Langan and Lynott, the former the deputy mayor of Pittston, went down to timber and endeavor to prevent a cave-in of the workings. The men were busy setting the timbers when an extensive cave-in occurred, estimated at six or seven acres, and the men were caught in the midst of it. All day and all night relays were at work endeavoring to reach the men, but at every point they were met with the fall and they could get no nearer than within about 800 feet of the place where the men are. The work of timbering and clearing the cave was kept up all day, but little progress could of necessity be made, and it was supposed by the most experienced miners that they could not be reached earlier than three or four days, and some even went so far as to say that the men could not be reached earlier than a week or two. Everything depends upon the extent of the cave. If the fall is not so extensive beyond where the men are working the imprisoned miners will be reached earlier than if the fall covers up everything and is as extensive at all places of the affected area as at another.

Little hope is held out that the men are alive. The general supposition is that they were caught by the cave and buried, as they were right in the midst of the area affected, and if all of them or some of them happen to be in a small place that was not filled by the earth, rock and coal they will probably starve to death before help can reach them.

WARM WEATHER WEARABLES

Nothing Like This Before!!

ARE YOU GOING TO BE IN IT?

We mean in a new dress made from new wash fabrics. The makers are over stocked---they lay it all to a backward season. Capes, new, cool summer fabrics are now being sold at one-half early season's prices. Hits the consumer just right. You'd wonder at these prices if not explained. Don't delay, but get in the swim and come while a good thing lasts.

12½c. Dimities and Lawns AT 6c. the yard.

P. S. Have you seen the pickled lamb tongues and clams we are showing in our grocery department?

Pursel & Harman,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, JULY 25, 1896,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain messuage or tenement, piece and tract of land situate and being in the township of Center, in the County of Columbia, Pa., bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Beginning at low water mark on the north side of the north-east branch of the Susquehanna river; thence by land of Benjamin Boone north thirty and three eighth degrees west, one hundred and eighty perches and two-tenths to a stone; thence by land of Joseph Pohe south seventy-one and one-half degrees west, forty-four perches and seven-tenths to a stone and lands of Jesse Merrel; thence by the same and lands of Joshua Webb, south thirty degrees east, one hundred and eighty perches to low water mark of the river Susquehanna aforesaid; thence north seventy-one degrees east forty-six perches to the place of beginning. Containing forty-nine acres and seventy-eight perches of land, more or less, whereon is erected a large two-story

FRAME FARM HOUSE,

large bank barn and straw shed attached, wagon shed and outbuildings; also three frame dwelling houses and stable.

There is a good well of water near the farm dwelling house, a well of water at the barn and an abundance of fruit of various kinds upon the premises. This property is situate about four miles east of Bloomsburg, along the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Berwick, and is a very desirable property.

ALSO:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Centre aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner and land now or late of Philip Miller and Jesse Merrell; thence by land of said Jesse Merrell north sixty-five and three-fourth degrees east, fifty-two perches to a post; thence by lands late of Joseph Pohe, north thirty and one-fourth degrees west, twenty perches to a post and lands of the said Joseph Pohe; thence south sixty-five and three-fourth degrees west, fifty-two perches to a post corner; thence by land late of Philip Miller south thirty and one-fourth degrees east, twenty perches to a stone corner the place of beginning. Containing six and one-half acres. The above described land includes limestone lots containing one-half acre each, thirteen in number.

ALSO:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Centre township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by lands of N. L. Campbell, east by lands of Levi Miller, now Dr. B. F. Gardner, south by Delaware, Lockawanna and Western Railroad, and west by lands formerly of Philip Miller, now the estate of Samuel Knorr, dec'd., containing six acres and thirty perches more or less.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Lafayette Creasy et. al. vs. N. L. Campbell, and to be sold as the property of N. L. Campbell.

J. B. McHENRY,
WINTERSTEEN & ROBISON, Sheriff.
Attorneys

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary J. Vanhorn, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Mary J. Vanhorn, late of Hemlock township deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

Grant Herring, Atty. — *H. W. SHADE, Administrator, Schuyler, Montour Co., Pa.*

5-21-6t.

FOR BARGAINS

Watch This Space NEXT WEEK.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1896.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

John Cadman has been granted a pension.

Prof. Noetling will spend his vacation at Selinsgrove.

Misses Lizzie and Mary Gorrey are visiting friends at Centralia.

Mrs. Amos Buckalew is visiting relatives at New Columbus.

Miss May Corell is visiting friends at Pittston.

Misses Jennie and Corola Gunton are spending their vacation at Wilkes-Barre.

Hon. E. R. Ikeler is holding Court at Pottsville.

G. A. McKelvy went to Millersville on Tuesday to attend a funeral.

Miss Clara Hayman of Iola is visiting her cousin Miss Minnie Applegate on Centre St.

Miss Nancy M. Sisson, of Tenafly, N. J., is visiting Miss Daisy Williams at her pleasant home on Fifth street.

Mrs. Dora Opdyke and sister, Mattie Thompson, of Easton, are visiting relatives in this place.

John G. Wooley, the noted temperance orator, will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. in this place on the 10th of July.

Hon. C. R. Buckalew and John G. Freeze Esq. delivered addresses on Sound Money to an interested audience in the Catawissa Opera House last Saturday evening.

Misses Kate and Mame Hennessy are visiting friends at Centralia. The object of their visit was to attend the Daley—Hines wedding.

John M. Garman Esq., of Nanticoke, attended the Commencement exercises on Wednesday. His love for the school was evidenced by the fact that he came here on crutches.

Mr. William Deiterick, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Frantz of Berwick, and C. W. Deiterich, of Chicago, spent Sunday with I. G. Deiterich and family.

Prof. C. H. Albert, of the Normal School, has charge of a Teachers' Institute in South Carolina. He is being assisted by Mr. Fred Sutliff.

July!

The year is half gone.

The fire crackers crack.

What has become of Trilby?

June went out most graciously.

Sun-burned noses are on exhibition.

Water melons and green corn are in market.

A new floor has been laid in the County Treasurer's office.

Nervous people are looking forward with horror to the glorious Fourth.

Don't be backward, but bring your job work to the COLUMBIAN office.

The early bird gets—to Catawissa in time for the monster parade July 4.

Why is it that the pretty girls are never bright, and the bright ones never pretty.

Improvements have been made to the dry house of the School Furnishing Company.

Raspberry bugs are unpleasant to the taste and are less desirable than even the seeds.

We never saw a woman who was satisfied with her weight. She either wants to be stouter or thinner.

Woman has no aim in life. If you don't believe it, get her to throw a stone at something.

Opening a political convention with prayer is like casting bread upon the waters. It is wasted.

Farmers say that raspberries will be scarce this year. We wonder if that means that the seeds are increasing in size.

It is said that every time the clock ticks a child is born into the world. People who have had triplets want to stop the clock.

James Ferguson and family are now temporarily residing at East Nanticoke where Mr. Ferguson is engaged in the manufacture of brick.

The 'Columbia Herald' says that they saw a Marietta woman chew a piece of calico ten minutes to see if it would wash.

Insist on having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

Hanna would be a very cross Mark if perchance, there should not be enough X marks to carry his man through in November.

Don't swallow cherry seeds. If one lodges in your vermiform appendix, it's sure death—from either appendicitis or the operation.

FOR SALE. A boy's bicycle suitable for boy 7 to 10 years old. In good condition. Cost $20. Will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office. tf.

The first thing to learn in swimming is to strike out. The same thing, however, doesn't apply to base ball.

The contract for the erection of the addition to the Third street school building has been awarded to Thomas Gorrey.

A concrete pavement is being laid in front of the property of E. A. Rawlings on Centre street. The work is being done by O. B. Mellick.

A church society recently discussed the problem, "how to hold the young men." We wonder how hammocks would do, with a pretty girl incidentally thrown in.

Not long ago the chappie turned
His trousers up, the aping fop;
But since to ride the wheel he's learned,
He turns his stockings down from top.

Information for the the romantic: It is just fourteen days from the night the new moon first appears until it is full. We might add that it doesn't take humanity quite that long.

A. P. Kitchen and Chas. H. Sharpless rode from Harrisburg to this place last Tuesday morning on their bicycles in seven hours and forty minutes.

There will be a dance at Oak Grove to-morrow and Saturday evening by the May Club. Excellent music, and good order will be maintained. You are invited to attend.

E. B. Tustin has sold the large brick house which he recently erected on Market street, to L. E. Waller, Esq., and has purchased a lot from the Sloan estate on the opposite side of the street, upon which he will build a handsome residence.

Some of the country fairs propose to add to their attractions walking races for country horses. It is a good idea, as it is important for the farm horse to cultivate a fast walk as a fast trot.

Among the charters granted by the State Department last Monday was the Bloomsburg Elevator and Machine works, Bloomsburg, Pa., for the manufacture of elevators and doing general foundry and machine work; capital, $50,000. Directors, A. Z. Schoch, C. C. Peacock, L. E. Waller, W. S. Moyer, Fred. Richards, J. L. Dillon, Bloomsburg.

"To learn to swim," says the State Board of Health, "is of as much value to a boy or girl as 13 weeks in French or higher algebra, or even a term in a modern business college. It is one of the things that should not be neglected.

Miss Annie, daughter of David Savage, of Iron street, and Alfred H., son of B. F. Edgar, of Fishingcreek township, took passage on the 10.49 train on the D. L. and W., rail road Tuesday for Elmira, where their lives were joined in matrimony.

The proposed "meet" of the Bloomsburg Wheelmen will be held at this place sometime between the first and tenth of August. There will be a lantern parade the previous evening, and as extensive preparations are being made, a great time is expected.

Prof. L. P. Sterner has been commissioned a member of the Permanent Certificate Committee of this county, by State Superintendent N. C. Schaeffer. This is not only an important position, but one of honor as well, and his friends congratulate him upon the fact that his ability as an educator has been recognized by the State Department.

A club to be called the Bloomsburg Wheelmen was organized on Monday evening, at the Exchange Hotel. The following officers were elected: W. S. Rishton, President; Frank Ikeler, Secretary; G. M. Tustin, Treasurer. Arrangements will be made for a race meet in the near future. Persons desiring to join the club should call on G. P. Ringler, W. H. Eyer or W. H. Slate.

Yes, that pesky, irritable and contemptible nuisance is here; the fly, we mean. And what is more, it is evident that he has brought all his sisters, his cousins and his aunts along, and they have come to stay for several months. For the sake of comfort to humanity—especially the bald-headed portion of it—we wish the whole brood of flies were at the bottom of the sea.

Since the Water Company has purchased the Irondale property they have decided to beautify the same by the removal of the old ruins and buildings and have employed John Cadman to superintend the work. The stone building erected by Wm. Pease will be completed, and it is proposed to start an industry in the same. The appearance of the property will be entirely changed, which will greatly enhance its value.

The Twin Comet lawn sprinkler is the best thing of the kind now on the market. It is nickle plated, and can be ajusted to cover a circle eighty feet in diameter, or less if desired. It not only does effective work, but is as pretty as a fountain, when in operation. We have one at our residence which can be seen at any time by calling at this office. THE COLUMBIAN has the agency for Bloomsburg. tf.

A far-seeing editor in a neighboring town says: We may not live long enough but we expect our descendants to see the time when the farmer sits in his easy chair and by merely pressing the button set the machinery in motion that will feed his stock, do the milking, till the soil, and in short relieve him of the most of the other hard work that now makes a farmer truly earn his bread by the sweat of his brow.

The band gave an open air concert last Saturday evening in front of the Court House and the following programme was rendered:

March.....American Prize, by Hauschild.
Medley Overture...Plantation Songs, by L. Couterno.
LeSerenata Waltzes..D'Arcy Jaxone.
University Lancers, Theo. M. Tobani.
March.....Arion's Carnival, by C. Faust.

They have secured as leader, Mr. Blair, who was with them some time ago, and under whose leadership they made rapid progress.

Mr. Ely, of Philadelphia, Past President of the Ladies' Circle of the G. A. R., installed officers of the local circle last Friday evening, in the G. A. R. Hall. The officers of this Circle are: Mrs. Currin, President; Mrs. Lydia Moyer, Senior Vice; Mrs. Cora Hartman, Junior Vice; Mrs. S. E. Searles, Treasurer; Mrs. Annie Morris, Chaplain; Mrs. Ellie E. Edwards, Secretary; Mrs. Mintie O. Kuhn, Conductor; Mrs. Sarah Shaw, Guard. There were a number of visitors present from Circle No. 111 of Sunbury.

Death of Wm. Hepner.

William Hepner, who was shot some time ago by Kerrigan, died from his injuries at his home in Centralia, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. His remains were taken on the 11.47 Lehigh Valley train Tuesday, en route for his former home, Freeburg, Snyder county, where interment will take place. Deceased was the proprietor of the Centralia House, having assumed charge last winter.

Lost.

On Tuesday a cape was lost on the road between Bloomsburg and Orangeville. The finder will please leave it at the office of James Magee, Bloomsburg.

Married.

IKELER, CRAWFORD—On June 27, at the Reformed parsonage in Orangeville, by Rev. A Houtz, Mr. Boyd A. Ikeler and Miss Minnie C. Crawford, both of Mt. Pleasant township.

FOR SALE—One dark brown horse; weight, between 1150 and 1200 lbs., sound. Also one black mare, 6 years old, will work anywhere, sound, good roadster, weight about 1100 lbs.
E. M. MAUSER,
3 miles northeast of Mainville.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Buy your fireworks of I. G. Deitrick.

The attention of the ladies of Bloomsburg is called to the large line of shirt waists now on sale at the Bloomsburg Store Company limited.

Fly nets in endless variety and at prices which defy competition at C. S. Furman's.

Japanese porch screens, all sizes, and at extremely low prices. Put up ready for use free of charge, at W. H. Slate's.

The Bloomsburg Car Company store is now displaying the finest line of decorated and toilet sets ever shown in the town, and they are being sold at exceedingly low prices.

We are headquarters for fireworks I. G. Deitrick's.

Hot soup lunch every day from 9 to 12 o'clock noon at the Enterline restaurant, formerly owned by William Gilmore.

Protect your horses from the flies by buying a net from C. S. Furman. You will find the prices right.

Do you buy your bread from William Rehm? If not, why not. The fact of the superiority of his bread is evidenced by his rapidly growing trade.

Hats and caps in endless variety at the Bloomsburg Store Company limited. They are all of the latest style and will be sold at a small margin above cost.

Perfect fitting clothing made to order by fine merchant tailoring at Maier's. Suits $10, trousers $2.75, and upwards. No one can make first class work more reasonable than our's.

For choice candies try I. G. Deitrick's.

Japanese porch screens, all sizes, and at extremely low prices. Put up ready for use free of charge, at W. H. Slate's.

Some people think that bread is bread. This is not true, as some is good, and some poor. The kind baked and sold by William Rehm is the best. Try it and be convinced.

For the freshest and nicest line of groceries in the town, call at the Bloomsburg Store Company, limited. A new invoice is received every day.

It is too hot to cook. Lewis Lyons can save you the trouble as he has a full line of all kinds of smoked meats, and canned goods. Sliced dried beef a specialty.

Now is the time to purchase lap-robes for the coming season. C. S. Furman has them, and at prices which would astonish you.

You are invited to call and examine the bake shop of William Rehm on West Third Street. It is neat and clean, and protected from the intrusion of flies by screens. This is a matter worth considering when you are deciding where to buy.

Try a can of Hopkins' Steamed Hominy (Hulled Corn.) It is delicious. Full qt., 10c. 6-25-4t.

For the best Ice Cream call on I. G. Deitrick.

A large invoice of boots and shoe just received at the Bloomsburg Store Company limited. They are being sold at astonishingly low prices.

Lewis Lyons invites you to call and examine his meat and get prices. He can please you both as to quality and price. His rapidly increasing trade proves that the people of Bloomsburg know a good thing when they see it.

For Rent.

The third floor of the COLUMBIAN building is for rent. It is 25 by 75 feet, and will be partioned off to suit a tenant for a term of years. Heated by steam, lighted with gas or electricity, and supplied with water. Inquire of Geo. E. Elwell. tf

You can find just what you want at Lewis Lyons the up town butcher, and at prices which will astonish you.

Japanese porch screens, all sizes, and at extremely low prices. Put up ready for use free of charge, at W. H. Slate's.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Billousness, Indigestion, Headache. A pleasant laxative. All Druggists.

Never Mind the Loss.

Any Ladies' Cotton Shirt Waist or Wrapper in our store, your choice for 75c. each.

Good Lines. Act Quick.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

The Fourth of July will be here on Saturday, and on that day we close business, and put up the flag of patriotism.

We have a repair project on h and for our store; are now cutting prices on many goods rather than store them away. Come this week.

The list includes:
6c. lawns for 3c. yd.
5c. challies for 3c. yd.
10c. lawns for 5c. yd.
12½c. lawns for 9c. yd.
35c. silks for 25c. yd.

The summer corsets will be comfortable for July hot days, 35c., 45c., 59c, $1.00.

The new lot of plain and fancy ribbons are sellers. We have them.

Ladies' muslin underwear in many styles and prices.

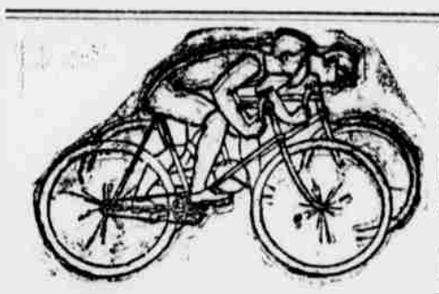
Many of the white parasols seen on the 4th of July will be from our store. Some handsome ones yet for sale.

A nice line of children's parasols, 19c. to $1.25 in fancy colors.

This should be the week for buyers of shirt waists. We have about 100 yet, 25c. to $3.75.

The ready made wrappers will keep you cool in the grove on the 4th.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.



"Hurry a little, Bill, and we'll be there in time for supper. What would we do without these TRUMP BICYCLE WATCHES?"

of Big Watch.

They are for sale by Hess Bros., who carry a large line of fine watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware.

Bicycles, bicycle sundries and stationers. Sign Bloomsburg, Pa.

You Can't Celebrate

the Fourth without fireworks. You can't buy the best and get the most for your money unless you come to us. We have a complete line.

I. G. DEITRICK,

Market Square.

Telephone Connection.

Some People Always Complain.

We say some. But no one complains of the loaf of bread they receive at the Exchange Bakery for five cents.
Try one and see if you will.

:: **EXCHANGE BAKERY,**

No. 12 Main St. L. F. BEISHLINE, Prop.

Cleveland, Stearns, Keating, Envoy and Stormer Bicycles.

W. S. RISHTON, Agt.
Opposite Post Office.

CHICAGO'S COLISEUM.

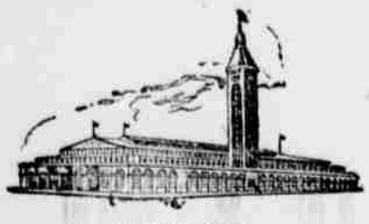
EASILY THE LARGEST BUILDING UNDER ONE ROOF IN THE WORLD.

The Democratic National Convention will be the First to Occupy It. Five and One-Half Acres of Floor Space. Room for Silver and Gold Men to Contend.

St. Louis surpassed all of the previous convention cities in rearing an edifice which gave seats to 14,000 shouters and workers. Not to be outdone by the Missouri metropolis, Chicago has reared a structure that will not only seat close to 18,000 persons, but will give them all promenading space and other facilities undreamed of by the delegates to national and political gatherings of the past.

When the nine hundred and odd delegates and the same number of alternates to the National Democratic Convention strike Chicago they will find that they are going to meet in the biggest structure the world over. Chicago is famous for talking about the greatness of itself and its various institutions, but if it blows a little about the Coliseum there will be few to claim that the praise is undeserved.

All the arrangements for the Convention have now been made, and when the Democratic hosts reach the metropolis of Illinois they will find everything ready for them. The Convention will be called to order on Tuesday, July 7, and if it adjourns before Tuesday, the 14th, it will be a huge surprise to the old political war horses, who are looking for one of the stiffest gatherings in the history of the country. With nearly a score of Presidential possibilities in the field, and with the war between



THE COLISEUM.

silver and gold to be fought to the last ditch, the outlook for a vitriolic Convention is promising. That is what the leaders of the party expect, anyway, and they usually base their expectations upon knowledge.

The Coliseum is easily the largest building under a single roof in the world. The trusses span 215 feet at their base, and at their apex are nearly 100 feet from the floor.

The Coliseum occupies five and a half acres of ground between Sixty-second and Sixty-third streets, and is bounded on the east by Grace avenue and on the west by the tracks of the Illinois Central Railroad. The Illinois Central has a station at Sixty-third street, and has built a special Coliseum station at Sixty-second street, with steps leading directly into one of the main entrances.

Of the many national conventions that have been held here, not one has been provided with a hall which met all the requirements of such a gathering. The wigwam in which Lincoln was nominated, and the one in which Cleveland swept away all opposition were large enough, but every other requirement was wanting. Oratory loses all its charms when streams of water from a leaky roof are pouring down the auditor's neck, as was the case in 1892. The Auditorium, in which General Harrison was nominated, was unfinished at the time, but it could not accommodate half the people who thought they had a right to be present on such a momentous occasion.

YALE OARSMEN AT HENLEY.

The Englishmen Are Inclined to Regard Them as Formidable Competitors.

Not since 1839, when the Henley regatta was instituted, has a foreign crew ever won the Grand Challenge Cup. This trophy is recognized as the blue ribbon of the rowing world. The visitors' Challenge Cup, of secondary importance at the Henley regatta, was won in 1878 by the Columbia College crew. That is the only victory of note ever accomplished by Americans at Henley.

Englishmen are constitutionally chary about giving praise to anything or any one of foreign extraction, and their favorable criticism is doubly remarkable for the reason that up to the first spin of the Yale men on the water their chances of landing the coveted prize were not seriously considered. The English experts were prepared to find all manner of fault with the body, leg, and arm work of the visitors, and it was a huge surprise to them when they discovered the smooth, even and powerful stroke, every muscle of the eight men working in unison, and each man as calm and collected as if he were rowing on home waters. The remarkable part of it all was that the men had just finished a nine days' voyage across the Atlantic and had not been off the steamer so short a time when they did the work which astonished the critics.

A SCHOOL GIRL'S ESCAPE

GIVEN UP TO DIE BY FIVE PHYSICIANS

At Last, with but a Grain of Faith, Her Mother Administered a New Remedy and She is Cured.

From the Union, Port Jervis, N. Y.

MISS ALAMEDA LOZIER.

There is no lovelier valley on the continent than the one through which the upper Delaware river runs from Hancock in Delaware County to the Delaware Water Gap and for some distance below. At Hancock where the river is the union of its two main tributaries, the East and West branches as they are called, the lovely scenery in no wise disappears. The East branch is as picturesque and romantic as one can imagine. Its banks are largely wooded and the steep hillsides are a perpetual picture of all that is most charming.

Several miles up the river from Port Jervis is a small village called Sparrowbush. Its principal industry is a large tannery which has been in successful operation for very many years. An employe of this tannery, chancing to be in the city, casually spoke of a rather remarkable cure which had recently been effected in this village, in the family of a neighbor and as the case bore a strong resemblance to that of a friend in the city, the story was carried to him. It was so remarkable that the writer, to please his friend, undertook to look it up and verify it, if that could be done. This was made easy from the fact that other interests called him very near the location where the cure had been performed.

Securing a horse and buggy at Port Jervis, the writer was soon at the house of Mr. Joseph Lozier in Sparrowbush. A friend accompanied him with his kodak, hoping to secure some snap shots of interest while on the trip or at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lozier.

Mr. Lozier was at his work in the tannery, where he has been a respected employe for the past 14 years. Mrs. Lozier was at home, with her children, in a pleasant cottage on the main street of the village. Introducing ourselves, we stated the nature of our errand, that we had heard, of a remarkable cure in her family and that we would esteem it a favor if she would kindly give us the facts in the case. A bright eyed little miss, apparently about 13 years of age, was looking rather curiously at us, a faint smile creeping over her face as the mother pointing to her said:

"That is the patient. She does not look like an invalid now, does she?"

Inviting us to be seated, Mrs. Lozier told us the following story, which, as nearly as possible, we give in her own words.

"Alameda, my daughter, was 13 years of age on the 25th of March last and was taken sick on that day. As nearly as we could tell, the trouble seemed to be some inflammation of the bowels, kidneys and perhaps even more general. At any rate, the case seemed to baffle our physician completely and the child grew steadily worse.

"At the end of 15 days inflammatory rheumatism set in and dropsy also, causing her the most intense suffering. She became very badly bloated. For nearly two months the poor child was bandaged in cotton from head to foot. We had four physicians and they called a fifth and then held a consultation. At the close of this, their conclusion was that the child would never be able to leave her bed alive—that death was only a matter of a few days.

"By this time the glands of her neck had become greatly swollen and she coughed night and day. She also became so greatly emaciated that I do not think she would have weighed 40 pounds. Her lower limbs seemed partially, nearly wholly, paralyzed—she could not use them at all. We had practically given up all hope, the physicians had discontinued their visits and we were simply waiting for death.

"On the evening of July 11th, while watching by her bedside, I decided to give her a dose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as I had recently been reading of some remarkable cures by this remedy. I gave her a dose of them at once, but I confess with only a grain of faith in their efficacy—I had absolutely no hope of a cure. The next day she was no worse, if anything a little better and I continued the Pink Pills, now having some faint hopes. To make a long story short, I continued this wonderful remedy and as you see, the girl is well, apparently as well as ever."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred) at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

An Army of 3,000,000 Which Started from a Single Church Parlor Meeting.

The best criterion of the strength of any organization is its numerical greatness on an occasion of its annual meeting. No convention the world over has ever attracted the numbers which those of recent years of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor have succeeded in doing. Sixty thousand visitors swamped Boston last year when the hosts of the Endeavor met in that city, and as each year has marked a tremendous increase in the attendance, 80,000 is considered a conservative estimate of the number at Washington this year.

The President of the society, Francis E. Clark, who as minister of the Willitston Church at Portland, Me., founded the first Christian Endeavor Society among the young people of his congregation, on Feb. 1, 1881. That was only a trifle more than 15 years ago, yet, today the society is known in every land on the globe and has a total membership of 3,000,000, made up of 40,000 societies.

FRANCIS A. CLARK.

At the first meeting in the modest parlor in the Portland minister's home the young folks who agreed to form the Christian Endeavor Society, took this pledge:

"Trusting in the Lord Jesus Christ for strength, I promise Him that I will strive to do whatever He would like to have me do; that I will make it the rule of my life to pray and read the Bible every day, and to support my own church in every way, especially by attending all her regular Sunday and mid-week services, unless prevented by some reason which I can conscientiously give to my Saviour, and that just so far as I know how throughout my life I will endeavor to lead a Christian life. As an active member I promise to be true to all my duties, to be present at and take some part, aside from singing, in every Christian Endeavor prayer meeting, unless hindered by some reason which I can conscientiously give to my Lord and Master. If obliged to be absent from the monthly consecration meeting of the society, I will, if possible, send at least a verse of Scripture to be read in response to my name at roll call."

A FOURTH OF JULY KITE.

A Chance for Young America to Have Lots of Fun.

Something new and novel is sure to make a hit on the glorious Fourth, and to those who have never tried it, the Fourth of July kite, is an inexpensive method of doing the day justice.

The kite, or kites, should be of good size, say four feet high, and may be of almost any shape, though the old-fashioned one made with two cross sticks, as in Fig. 1, is one of the most reliable. If red, white and blue paper can be secured, so much the better. The effect is pretty if the colors are alternated at the tail. With a four-foot kite a flag over six feet in length can be sent up, and as it floats hundreds of feet in the air, one feels repaid for the trouble. Long streamers of the national colors, or strings of tiny flags, can be attached at intervals along the kite string; in fact there are endless ways in which an ingenious boy can keep "old glory" flying over the town. Bunches of paper spirals, made by cutting stiff paper as in Fig. 2, and attaching a tiny torpedo to the end in the center, may be set free by means of a slow fuse, and in the same manner paper parachutes may be sent eastward.

In the evening a chinese lantern in place of the flag is very pretty, bobbing through the dark, and colored lights may be set off. As the kite is invisible, it is rather a puzzle to onlookers how fireworks are produced so high in the air.

To get the colored lights cut open a number of Roman candles and take out the color balls. Then take a piece of fairly stiff wire and bend it, as in e d, leaving a long end, c, free. With an occasional twist carry the fuse up d, down b, up a, down e, and fasten. Then take each candle ball and a little loose powder, and with a piece of paper or light cloth wrap about the wire and fuse, as in Fig. 4, fastening the ends with a bit of thread. Put four on each wire, with two on the middle cross wire, taking care that they are not so close together that the burning of one will fire the others. Light the free end of the fuse when the kite is started, and you will have the highest fireworks in town.

The Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina

BattleAx PLUG

"BATTLE AX" is the most tobacco, of the best quality, for the least money. Large quantities reduce the cost of manufacture, the result going to the consumer in the shape of a larger piece, for less money, than was ever before possible.

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association.

Edward B. Harper, Founder. Frederick A. Burnham, President.

FIFTEEN YEARS COMPLETED——
——ANNUAL MEETING AND REPORT.

The Largest and Strongest Natural Premium Life Insurance Companies in the World.

$69,000,000 of New Business in 1895.
$308,660,000 of Business in Force.
$4,084,075 of Death Claims paid in 1895.
$25,000,000 of Death Claims paid since Business begun.

1895 SHOWS—AN INCREASE IN GROSS ASSETS,
AN INCREASE IN NET SURPLUS,
AN INCREASE IN INCOME,
AN INCREASE IN BUSINESS IN FORCE,
OVER 105,800 MEMBERS INTERESTED.

The Annual Meeting of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association was held in the Association's Building, corner Broadway & Duane St., New York City, on Wednesday, January 22nd, and was attended by a large and representative gathering of policy holders who listened with keen interest to the masterly Annual Report of President Burnham.

Many policy holders evidently regarded this as a favorable opportunity to meet face to face the new chief executive officer of the Association, President Frederick A. Burnham, the man whose grasp of life insurance, whose keen executive ability and strong individuality have enabled him to take up the work laid down in death by the founder of the institution, the late Edward B. Harper, and make of the administration of his office of President, not an echo or copy of that of his predecessor, but a piece of finished work, characteristic of a man of independent views, and worthy to follow the work which had carried the Association to a position never attained in the same length of time by any life insurance organization in the world. It is rare, indeed, that a great institution like this passes, without check to its prosperity, through a change in the executive chief, for it is rare indeed that a chief like the late Mr. Harper finds so able a successor as President Burnham.

The record of the year 1895 speaks for itself, and shows the following gratifying results.

The GROSS ASSETS have increased during the year from $5,536,115.99 to $5,661,707,82.

The NET SURPLUS over liabilities shows a NET GAIN for the year of $306,329.43, and now amounts to $3,582,509.32.

The INCOME from all sources shows a gain for the year of $631,541.97, and amounts to $5,575,281.56.

DEATH CLAIMS to the amount of $4,084,074.92 were paid during the year, an increase over the previous year of $1,013,560.91.

The BUSINESS IN FORCE shows a gain for the year of $15,293,265, and now amounts to $308,659,371.

Counting three hundred working days in the year the daily average income for 1895 is $18,584.27; the daily average payments for death claims, $13,652.25, and the daily average gain in business in force within a fraction of $51,000.

☞ Persons desiring insurance, an agency, or any other information concerning the MUTUAL RESERVE FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION may apply to

E. D. LUDWIG, Supt.,
53 Downing Block, ERIE, PA.
2-68 m

Personally-Conducted Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad.

That the public has come to recognize the fact that the best and most convenient method of pleasure travel is to participate in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's personally-conducted tours, is evidenced by their increased popularity with each succeeding year and the number of inquiries in regard to them.

Under this system the lowest rates are obtained, both for transportaion and hotel accommodation, and none but the best hotels are used. An experienced tourist agent and chaperon accompany each tour to look after the comfort of the passenger.

The following tours have been arranged for the season of 1896:—

To the north (including Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Montreal, Quebec, Au Sable Chasm, Lake Champlain and George, Saratoga, and a daylight ride down through the Highlands of the Hudson), July 21 and August 18. Rate, $100 for the round trip from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, covering all expenses of a two week's trip.

To Yellowstone Park, covering a period of seventeen days, on a special train of Pullman sleeping, compartment and observation cars and dining car, August 27. Rate, $200 from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Two tours to Gettysburg, Luray Caverns, Natural Bridge, Richmond and Washington will be run in early Autumn.

A new mothod of stopping hiccoughs is said to have been accidentally discovered in a French hospital. It consists in thrusting the tongue out of the mouth and holding it thus for a short time.

Drug envelopes, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 manilla, white or colored, coin envelopes, and shipping tags, with or without strings, always in stock at this office. tf.

A Deserted Village.

That corporations and operators are heartless is demonstrated by the devastation now in progress at Stockton, which before the disagreement of the land owners and the lessees was one of the most progressive communities in the anthracite coal field. The houses formerly occupied by employees will soon be torn down and the mammoth breakers at one time the centres of industry will before long suffer the same fate. Had both parties been able to agree, which could easily have been brought about by a little concession on each side, the mining patch east of Hazleton would not to-day be a heap of worthless ruins.—*Ex.*

Dig down to the *cause* of your sickness, if you want to get well and stay well. Most likely its indigestion. The irritating poisons of fermenting, putrid food, left in the stomach by indigestion, cause headache, neuralgia nervousness, dizziness, stomach-ache, nausea, irritability, and all the other well-known symptoms of indigestion.

They also cause many pains and disorders which are often laid to other causes and hence are not easily cured. But as soon as the poisons are *removed*, all these symptoms and disorders *disappear*, because there is nothing left to cause them. Nothing succeeds in this like Shaker Digestive Cordial, because it *prevents* the undigested food from fermenting in the stomach and *helps* the stomach to digest its food.

Sold by druggists, price 10 cents to $1.00 per bottle.

Many a woman who finds that her ankles are unusually weak this summer can trace the cause directly to her habit of wearing low shoes and gaiters during the winter.

Candidates can secure their cards at this office on short notice and at reasonable rates. 4-tf.

The Pot Called the Kettle Black Because the Housewife Didn't Use

SAPOLIO

WHY WE CELEBRATE.

WE FIRST HELPED ESTABLISH BRITISH GOVERNMENT IN AMERICA.

But When It Became Oppressive by Reason of Burdensome Taxation and Other Things, the Colonists Set Up a National Standard of Their Own.

In 1763 the peace of Fontainebleu was signed. The French had been driven from the American shores and England sheathed the sword of conquest.

The passage of the "Stamp Act" in 1764 incensed the colonists and called forth that patriotic burst of eloquence from Patrick Henry which afterward became so renowned. Washington felt the approach of the gathering war cloud, and returned to Mount Vernon from the House of Burgesses filled with gloomy forebodings. The British Government became alarmed at the temper of America, and, as a matter of conciliation, repealed the "Stamp Act." This was in March, 1766. But the tax on tea and other merchandise followed, and two regiments of English regulars were sent across the water to intimidate the colonists. This was adding insult to injury. The Virginia Assembly denounced Parliament for imposing taxes without allowing representation, and bold resolves were made, declaring that the taxing power should be vested alone in the colonists. Lord Botetort, the new Governor, who had set up his court in great splendor in Virginia, heard of these daring denunciations. He summoned the council to his audience chamber, and, in a haughty manner, dissolved the State Assembly. They then convened in a private dwelling, and at this meeting Washington presented a "draft of an association to discountenance the use of all British merchandise taxed by Parliament to raise a revenue in America." Every member signed it, and a printed copy of the draft was scattered broadcast over the country. It was everywhere applauded. "Non-Importation Associations" sprang up in all the colonies. British commerce felt this action, and petitions from British merchants, for the repeal of the taxes, poured into Parliament. Lord North, at this time England's Prime Minister, removed the importation duties on all articles except tea. That, he said, must be continued in order to establish "the authority of the mother country."

Thus events drifted forward, bringing in their wake the birth-throes of a great nation. The Boston Tea Party, disguised as Indians, boarded the English ships at night and emptied the tea chests into Boston harbor. In return, insulting decrees were fulminated from the throne, declaring that Massachusetts should no longer have a voice in the selection of her rulers, and that the port at Boston should be closed. In Virginia, the House of Burgesses was broken up by Lord Dunmore, the Colonial Governor appointed by the crown. Public indignation against these tyrannies flamed forth everywhere. Letters came from Boston to Williamsburg recommending a league of the colonies and the suspension of trade with England. The day on which the "Boston Port Bill" was to be enforced was observed with fasting and prayer. Flags were at half-mast and funeral bells were tolled. The colonists became rapidly convinced that nothing would satisfy the cruel despotism of George the Third save their slavish submission. This could not be given.

And so the war crisis approached nearer and more near. Patriot brows grew thoughtful and patriot hearts resolute as the danger defined itself. The first Continental Congress met in Philadelphia, September 5, 1774, and Washington was a delegate from Virginia. He had come there on horseback from Mount Vernon in company with Patrick Henry and Edmund Pendleton. In that time of sublime fusion of souls, when all were drawn into concerted action by a common, heroic purpose, no one, among that distinguished assembly of great minds, exhibited a loftier patriotism, a nobler enthusiasm, or more self sacrificing spirit than the country's future beloved General.

"It is useless," said Patrick Henry at the Richmond convention, "to address further petitions to the British Government, or to await the effect of those already addressed to the throne. We must fight! I repeat it, we must fight! An appeal to arms and to the God of hosts is all that is left us."

The question which now swept Congress and hovered with anxious portent on all lips was, "Who shall be commander-in chief of the united armies?"

John Adams had the honor to first propose George Washington for this position, "A gentleman," he said, "whose skill and experience as an officer, whose independent fortune, great talents, and excellent universal character would command the approbation of all America, and unite the cordial exertions of all the colonies, better than any other person in the Union." The vote, which was given by ballot, was found to be unanimous for Washington.

He received his commission on the 20th of June, and the next day set out from Philadelphia for the army. He was accompanied by Generals Lee and Schuyler, and an escort of Philadelphia troops. Twenty miles outside the city they were met by a flying courier with the news of the battle of Bunker Hill. Washington listened breathlessly, and when told of the heroic behavior of the Americans, exclaimed with emotion: "The liberties of our country are safe!"

From this time onward, for eight long, suffering years, until April, 1783, the war of the American Revolution dragged its slow length along, and the history of General Washington is so interwoven with the struggle that one cannot be written without the other. The manner in which the siege of Boston was conducted, terminating in Howe's precipitate retreat, has been regarded by military judges as a masterly achievement.

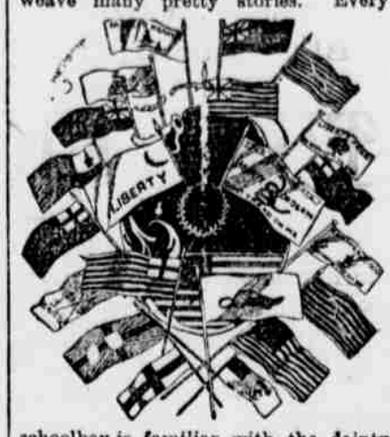
A GLORIOUS EMBLEM.

Various Early Flags from which "Old Glory" Was Evolved.

On Saturday, June 14, 1777, Congress passed a resolution "that the flag of the thirteen States be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be thirteen stars, white in blue field, representing a new constellation."

Ten millions of the Stars and Stripes will flaunt their gay colors to the breeze next Saturday. They will wave down on the streets, up in the dizzy heights of cloud piercing poles; in the hands of babies and gray bearded men; on the patient cart horse; on bicycle and street car; far out on the Atlantic and Pacific, in the great sea ports of Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia; in every sea and ocean the world over; on the prairie and in the crowded city, indoors and out. The Red, White and Blue will adorn the earth and the people of all climes will know that the Fourth of July means much to the 70,000,000 people who compose the United States.

Much of a definite character pertaining to the origin of the Stars and Stripes has been lost in the comparatively brief space of time which has elapsed since the inception of the flag. Who originated the design is a matter of conjecture, and this fact, or lack of fact, has been seized upon by fanciful minds to weave many pretty stories. Every



schoolboy is familiar with the dainty tale describing the vision of the future flag of the nation in the heavens; the patch of blue with the silver stars gleaming brightly and the long streaks of red and light gray sky.

For many years prior to the Revolution it was a matter of pride with each of the colonies to float some flag other than that of Great Britain, and as a result there were many different kinds of flags flying about in the country. At first these flags bore the cross of St. George or some other English symbol, but as the time advanced these gave way to various devices symbolical of liberty.

In June of 1776 Washington, accompanied by a committee of Congress, called upon Mrs. John Ross, a widow and an upholsterer at No. 239 Arch street, Philadelphia, and sitting in the little parlor in the back of the shop, commissioned her to make a flag for the new nation. The committee had a drawing of the kind of flag wanted, but this was not intelligible to the widow, so General Washington sat down and made a rough sketch of the design. In due time the flag was made, with the Stars and Stripes, just as it looks today, except that there were only thirteen stars. This flag was made a year before it was officially adopted by Congress.

HIGH ART IN FIREWORKS.

Beautiful and Costly Devices for Use on the Fourth.

Here's a new complaint against the bicycle. In its resistless course it has been running down other trades one after another, and now the fireworks' manufacturers are up in arms against it. Prospects are dismal, they say. This year's Fourth of July will probably blow over with less of smoke, ambulance calls, and general old-fashioned hilarity than any preceding celebration of the great American Kick.

One fireworks company manufactures a set apiece, "Agriculture," at $1,350, "Manufactures" cost $675, and a triple column and stars with the G. A. R. badge $600. Other fancy high-priced special pieces are the train of cars, $500; G. A. R. badge, $325; firemen with engine and hose, $350; George Washington on horseback, extra large, $240, and the soldier figure and sailor figure, $235 each. All these are of heroic size. Of

the regulation set pieces, designed for any and all occasions, the highest price, $420, is charged for a very elaborate piece called the Girandole. "Dazzling Diamonds," another very large piece, comes at $265, the Pleiades, extra large at $200; the extra large Gothic cross at $180, and there are a score of other pieces which cost above $100 each.

"Bursting in mid heaven, they form an aurora borealis-like shower of electric jewels of emerald and sapphire tints, falling slowly to the earth. The grandest discovery in the art."

EXAMINATION
—and—
Consultation
Free.

Will be at Sunbury Central Hotel, May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12; Sept. 9; Oct. 7; Nov. 4; Dec. 2-30.
Will be at Bloomsburg, Exchange Hotel, May 22; June 19; July 17; Aug. 14; Sept. 11; Oct. 9; Nov. 6; Dec. 4.
Will be in Berwick, St. Charles Hotel, Saturday, July 18; Aug. 15; Sept. 12; Oct. 10; Nov. 7; Dec. 5.

DR. M SALM,

Wonderfully Successful in all Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the EYE, EAR, THROAT, LUNGS AND NASAL CATARRH.

All Eye Operations Successfully Performed.

HE CURES AFTER OTHERS FAIL.

The Most Successful and Scientific Treatment of all Diseases and Weaknesses of Mankind.

The most widely and favorably known specialist in the United States. His long experience, remarkable skill and universal success in the largest hospitals in the world enables him to treat all CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD diseases upon the latest scientific principles and entitles him to the full confidence of the afflicted everywhere.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES—Dr. Salm, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by a new method. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential.

Dr. Salm operates successfully and painlessly for squint eyes, pterygium, iridectomy, turning in or out of eye lashes or lids, closure of tear duct and all other eye operations.

Chronic sore eyes and granulated lids quickly cured.

A certain and positive cure for the awful effects of early vice and the numerous evils that follow in its train.

Private blood and skin diseases speedily, completely and permanently cured.

Nervous debility and sexual disorders yield rapidly to his skillful treatment.

Syphilis, gonorrhea, gleet, speramatorrhea, seminal weakness, lost manhood, night emissions, decayed faculties, female weakness and all delicate disorders peculiar to either sex, positively cured, as well as functional disorders that result from youthful follies or the excess of mature years.

Specialties—Catarrh, skin diseases, sores, pimples, scrofula, blood taints, eczema, cancer, piles and diseases of women quickly and permanently cured by the latest approved treatment as pursued by leading specialists of America and Europe.

Deafness—I cure 90 per cent. of all cases cured in one treatment.

Discharging ears cured in every case.

Catarrh of the nose, bronchitis and lung troubles, caused from catarrh, positively cured.

TO THE YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

A Sure Cure.—The awful effects of early vice, which brings organic weakness, destroying both mind and body, with all its dreadful ills, permanently cured.

Dr. Salm addresses those who have impaired themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits, which ruin both mind and body, unfitting them for business, study, society or marriage.

Married men or those entering on that happy life, aware of physical debility quickly assisted.

We guarantee to cure nervous debility, failing manhood, syphilis, varicocele, stricture, gleet, unnatural discharges, weak parts and all kidney and bladder diseases.

Epilepsy or fits positively cured by a new method. Testimonials furnished.

50c. BOOK FREE. "The Medical Adviser," containing nearly 100 pages, a short history of private diseases, advice to young and old, especially those contemplating marriage, fully illustrated. Do not fail to improve the opportunity to obtain one of the most valuable books which has ever come within your reach. This book will be sent to anyone free on application. Address Dr. Salm, P. O. box 760, Columbus, O.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE. Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (that passed first in the morning preferred) which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if requested a written analysis will be given. Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Delays are dangerous.

Wonderful Cures perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed. Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of the U. S. List of 130 questions free. Address Dr. Salm, P. O. box 760, Columbus, O.

CONSULTATION FREE AND STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

Send two 2-cent stamps for book on chronic and private diseases free.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1896,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the Borough of Millville, county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania known as the Millville Worsted Mills, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point at the mouth of the tail race of the said factory; thence along the foot of the steep rocky bank on the west side of Little Fishing Creek, dividing it from the lands of Benjamin Lee, formerly Benjamin Eves; on the north by Richard J. Eves; on the east and south by the middle of the State road to the turn in said road south of the factory; thence along the east bank of the tail race to its mouth, the place of beginning, containing

TWENTY ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon is erected a large three story

BRICK FACTORY BUILDING,

with an engine and boiler house attached. Said buildings being fully equipped with power and all necessary machinery for the manufacture of worsted yarn.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of John Eves, C. W. Eves, Shadrach Eves, and C. M Eves trustees vs. Millville Worsted Mill, and to be sold as the property of the Millville Worsted Mill.

J. B. McHENRY, Sheriff.

C. W. MILLER, Attorney.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Boyd A. Kile, late of Jackson township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Boyd A. Kile, late of Jackson township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

ANNIE SAVAGE, Administratrix, Nescopeck, Pa.

Evans, Attorney.
6-25-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mrs. Sallie A. Buckingham, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mrs. Sallie A. Buckingham, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned executor, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

ROBERT BUCKINGHAM, Executor.
6-11-6t.

DIRECTIONS.

Apply a particle of the Balm directly into the nostrils. Draw strong breaths through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

ELY'S
CREAM BALM

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

AGENTS.—Millions in it—Campaign Book. Life of McKinley and all candidates. Nearly 600 pages; 100 Illustrations. Send 15c. for outfit—quick. PEOPLE'S, 3943 Market, Philadelphia, Penna. 9-28-4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Susan Rambach, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Susan Rambach, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

C. H. CAMPBELL, Administrator.
6-4-6t.

It Is As Cheap As It Is Good:

The Price of THE PATRIOT has Been Made to Fit the Times. It is One Cent a Day or $3 When Paid By the Year.

Start the day right by reading the right kind of newspaper. THE PATRIOT is the right kind. It is the only complete morning newspaper that reaches Central Pennsylvania at an early hour of the day. It is one of the foremost Democratic newspapers in the State and the only one printed at the State Capital, the official and political centre of the Commonwealth.

THE PATRIOT makes a specialty of department news and gives more each day than all the other State papers combined. It gives much entertaining and substantial family reading. It has (copyrighted) daily "hints for housekeepers" a new menu for every day) and a fashion department, through which the latest patterns are supplied to PATRIOT READERS.

Pennsylvania politics will be of extraordinary interest from this time on. The State Capital will be the centre of exciting news.

THE PATRIOT has exclusive opportunities for securing advance news of a semi-public character.

Special attention is given base ball and cycling events, with detailed reports of national league games.

DAILY, every week day morning in the year, $5 a year

WEEKLY, Tuesday evening of each week, $1 a year.

THE DAILY issue will be sent from now until after the election, by mail only, on receipt of $1.

THE WEEKLY will be sent from now on until after the election, by mail only, on receipt of 25 cents.

THE PATRIOT is the best advertising medium in Pennsylvania outside of Pittsburg and Philadelphia. It has a cent a word want column.

Address The Patriot Company, Harrisburg, Pa.

Or apply to J. W. MOYER, AGT., Bloomsburg, Pa.
6-25-5t.

The "TWIN COMET" and "LITTLE GIANT"

Lawn Sprinklers,

BEST MADE.

Unique, Efficient, Labor Saving. Will sprinkle 4 times greater area than any other Sprinklers made.

Highest Award at the Chicago Exposition.

Can be seen in operation at residence of the Editor of this paper, corner 3rd and Market Sts., Bloomsburg.

Send for circulars giving testimonials and prices.

E. Stebbins Mfg. Co.,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS.

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Agency for Bloomsburg at the COLUMBIAN office. 5-21-3m.

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Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
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Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Peacock's building, Market Square.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Eats building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
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THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Peacock's Building, Market Sq.
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WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

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(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
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JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
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J. H. MAIZE,
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Office in Lockard's Building.
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BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18. West Fifth St
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE SPECIALTY
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P. M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
—BLOOMSBURG, PA.—
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House.
* MARKET STREET *
TELEPHONE.

HONORA A. ROBBINS, M. D.,
Office, West First Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office 2nd floor front, Lockard's Building, corner of Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Lockard's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Main and Centre.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN, by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman)
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,736,536	$1,000,588
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,835,160	1,419,358
Queen, of N. Y....	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,622
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,758,307	422,722
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,790,689	2,364,725

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N.Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
B. Stohner, Prop. C. F. Stohner, Assistant.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. The hotel has been lately refurnished.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Come and See Us.

Bring Your Feet With You.

We can fit them with up to date shoes.

W. C. McKINNEY,

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN N. GORDON,
of Montour township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
DR. F. W. REDEKER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
JESSE RITTENHOUSE,
of Beaver township.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
A. B. CROOP,
of Briarcreek Township.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
E. M. TEWKSBURY,
of Catawissa township.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
SAMUEL SMITH,
of Fishingcreek township.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE
South Side.
WILLIAM S. FISHER
of Main township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
WILLIAM T. CREASY,
South Side.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
A. P. YOUNG,
of West Greenwood.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
JAMES T. FOX,
of Catawissa.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
G. M. QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, (North Side)
WM. CHRISMAN,
of Bloomsburg,

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
CHARLES B. ENT,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
THOMAS B. HANLY,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
CHARLES REICHART,
South Side.

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WILLIAM H. HENRIE,
of Catawissa Boro.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
G. S. FLECKENSTINE,
of Orange Township.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JOHN G. HARMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
W. A EVERT,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
J. G. SWANK,
South Side.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM H. FISHER,
of Main Township.

A Desirable Business Place For Sale.

The large three story brick store building lately occupied by J. R. Schuyler & Co., as a hardware store for sale on reasonable terms by J. H. Maize Esq., Attorney. Office Lockard building corner Main and Centre streets. tf.

Real good property in Espy for sale cheap. It is a desirable residence, large lot, and plenty of fruit. Apply to J. H. Maize Esq.

For Sale.

A desirable house and lot. Corner lot about 50 x 80 feet, beautiful location, all modern improvements; will be sold at once. Cheap for cash, or part down and balance to suit the purchaser; or part in exchange for other property.
For further information call on S. D. Neyhard, Building, Loan and Real Estate Agent, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-15 tf.

For a Shave or Hair Cut.

For a good and quick shave or hair cut, go to James Reilly's tonsorial room in Exchange Block, first floor, next to Express Office. None but experienced workmen employed.
12-13-1yr.

THE TEACHERS SELECTED.

The School Board Select Their Teachers for the Coming Year.

At a meeting of the Bloomsburg School Board held in the High School building last Friday night, the teachers and janitors for the coming year were selected. Prof. Sterner was re-elected Principal, his term of office being for the entire year, the others for the school year only. The following were the successful ones:

HIGH SCHOOL.

Principal, L. P. Sterner, $1000 a year.
First Assistant, W. C. Mauser, $75.00 per month.
Second Assistant, Nora Finney, $40.00 per month.
Music and Elocution, O. H. Yetter, $50.00 per month.
B. Junior—Hannah Breece, $40.00.
A. Grammar—Alice Wilson $40.00.
A. Grammar—Ida Rinker, $40.00.
B. Grammar—Ella Allen, $40.00.
Janitor—Isaiah Holder.

FIFTH STREET.

Principal—Samuel Pursel, $55.00.
A. Intermediate—Emma Cadman, $40.00.
B. Intermediate—Mary Sheep, $40.
A. Primary—Mae Blue, $35.00.
A. " Hattie Ringrose, $40.
B. " Louise Robbins, $40.
C. " Annie Snyder, $40.
C. " Bess Holmes, $40.
Janitor—Franklin Taylor.

THIRD STREET.

Principal—D. P. Conner, $45.
A. Int'mediate—W. W. Evans, $40.
A. " Sarah Earnest, $35.
B. " Minnie Hehl, $40.
B. " Minnie Penman, $40.
A. Primary—Ida Bernhard, $40.
A. " Edith Maize, $35.
B. " Dora Breece, $40.
B. " Margaret Evans, $35.
C. " E. J. Townsend, $40.
C. " Helen Carpenter, $35.
Janitor—Richard Edwards.

THE VICTIM OF SWINDLERS.

A New Jersey Farmer is Buncoed Out of THree Thousand Dollars.

Columbus Beekman, a wealthy farmer of Franklin Park, N. J., was swindled out of $3,000 by two bunco sharps last Friday. He was approached by a man who said his name was Howe. The two men started to drive to a farm of Beekman's, which Howe said he would purchase. On the way they met a man in a long linen duster. Howe knew him and invited him into the wagon. On some pretext they returned to the house. Howe offered to show Beekman a game. He took a pack of cards out of his pocket. One was marked with a red ball, the others contained pictures of bats and masks as used in a ball game. The cards were dealt, and Howe informed Beekman and the duster man that each had won $5. He paid each from a big wad. Then he dealt again and informed the two that they had won $5,000 apiece. He refused to pay unless Beekman and his companion showed $10,000 to prove that they could pay if they had lost.

The duster-clad stranger, who was called Jones, told Beekman that he could raise the money with friends, and that Beekman should raise the balance. Beekman accompanied the men to Cranbury, and drew $3,000 out of the Cranbury Bank, turning it over to the stranger.

On the way home Beekman stopped at the house of his brother-in-law, John H. Stubbs. At Stubbs' house Jones asked Beekman to remain while he took Howe to the depot. The valise was left in Beekman's care. When it was opened it was found empty. Beekman reported his loss to the local police authorities, but no trace of the swindlers has been found.

ELECTED OFFICERS.

Washington Camp No. 319, P. O. S. of A., of this place elected officers last Thursday evening, and the following was the result:

Past Pres., G. G. Baker; Pres., D. W. Foy; Vice Pres., Frank Girton; Conductor, William Drake; Master of Forms, C. E. Whitenight; Inspector, W. W. Sands; Outside Guard, Samuel Kramer; Trustee, Prof. L. P. Sterner; Delegates to District Convention, C. E. Whitenight, Charles Geese, G. G. Baker, W. W. Sands and J. C. Millard. Delegates to State Camp, Fred Ikeler, Esq. and D. R. Coffman.

MT. CARMEL TAKES THE HONORS.

Miss Renee Mitchell Successful Over a Number of Competitors.

The announcement has just been made of the awards of the competitive scholarship offered this year for the first time to candidates taking the examinations for admission to Bryn Mawr College, held in New York, Boston and Philadelphia and its suburbs. Two scholarships, one of $300 and one of $200, are awarded to the competitors passing respectively in each of these examination centers the best and second best examinations.

The successful competitors in the Philadelphia examinations were Miss Renee Mitchell, who obtained the first scholarship, and Miss Edith Goodell, who obtained the second. Miss Mitchell is a daughter of Rev. Stuart Mitchell, of Mt. Carmel, and has been preparing for the examinations at the Walton School, in Philadelphia, and during the last year at the Misses Shipley's School, in Bryn Mawr.

Miss Mitchell's many friends feel highly gratified at this high testimonial to her ability as a scholar.—*Mt. Carmel News.*

The young lady referred to, is the daughter of Rev. Dr. S. Mitchell, former pastor of the Presbyterian Church of this town. She has many friends here who are glad to know of her success.

NEW PARSONAGE.

The contract for the erection of a new parsonage for the Reformed church has been awarded to a party from Muncy, and work has been commenced upon the same. The old one was sold to William Giger, who has moved it upon his lot on East street, and will use the same as a dwelling house.

Tax Notice.

The duplicates for 1896 are now in my hands for collection; all parties paying state, county, school and dog taxes within 60 days from the 22 day of June will be entitled to a reduction of five per cent. I will be at residence, West Main Street, 3 doors above West Street, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 13, 14, 15, and 20, 21, and 22, between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving and receipting for said taxes. After 6 o'clock, Saturday, August 22, 1896, no reduction will be made.

J. K. BITTENBENDER,
Collector town of Bloomsburg.
Residence, West Main Street, 3 doors above West Street.

Personal.

If any one who has been benefi'ed by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will write to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa., they will receive information that will be of much value and interest to them. 6-18-4t.

WANAMAKER CLOTHING

We sell $3,000,000-worth of clothes in a year.

Do you know what belongs in a store that sells $3,000,000-worth of clothing a year?

Yes, in a general way, you do; you know, in a general way, that part of the stock that you pick your clothes out of. You don't know particulars; can't. Why, we keep some hundreds of salesmen with nothing to do but to know our stocks and to take you right to your part of 'em when you come in.

The way for you to know it is to come in. A salesman will take you to what you want to see in a minute; 'twon't take him a minute to find you out if he never saw you before. It's wonderful.

That's the way to know your part of the stock: come in. Take half-an-hour off; if it takes you more than half-an-hour it'll be because you enjoy it; you'll see so many things that you want that it's hard to choose. A hardship that customers bear with singular fortitude!

All we advertise for is to keep you in mind of us.

Golf and bike suits.

That's a good place for a store at Chestnut and Ninth.

WANAMAKER & BROWN.
Market and Sixth,
Chestnut and Ninth,
across from the Postoffice.

WILLIAM H. WANAMAKER.
Market and Twelfth,
Philadelphia.

We pay railroad fare on moderate purchases.

JONAS LONG'S SONS' WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.,
July 2, 1896.

There are so many inferior grades of Toilet Articles now on the market, that we deem it a pleasure to advise our patrons that nothing of a spurious character is ever sold over our counters. We have our Toilet Department well stocked with all Toilet requisites and can fill any and all mail orders at short notice.

Colgate's Turkish Bath Soap the cake . . . . . 5c.
Colgate's Oat Meal Soap the cake . . . . . 8c.
Colgate's Almond Soap the cake . . . . . 8c.
Colgate's Glycerine Soap the cake . . . . . 8c.
Colgate's Medicated Tar Soap the cake . . . . . 10c.
Pure Olive Oil Castile Soap the cake . . . . . 4c.
Tooth Brushes begin at 5c, for a very fair quality and advance easily up to 35c.
Rubber Combs 5c, 8c, 10c and 12c.
Unbreakable Rubber Combs 16c, 20c, 25c.
Fine Tooth Comb 4c, 6c, 10c, 12c.

White Celluloid Combs at 15c.
Whisk Brooms 10c, 12c, 15c.
Ammonia for household per large bottle 7c.
Vaseline per bottle 5c.
Talcum Powder 17c.
Bay Rum per bottle 25c.
3 oz. bottle Florida Water at 19c.
Colgate's Extracts for handkerchiefs, all odors, ½ oz. bottle 25c.
Fine Hair Brushes good bristles 15c and 25c.
Solid Back Hair Brushes 35c to 69c.

LADIES' SKIRTS.

During the week we will sell Ladies' Skirts, made of good quality gingham and seersucker, with deep pleated ruffle shaped waist bands, full length and sweep at 39c.

LADIES' HOSIERY.

A bargain in ladies' hosiery is our celebrated Louvre dyed hose in black and tan, that we are selling for 12½c the pair.
Ladies' black and tan hose very servicable at the pair 10c.
Ladies' full regular made hose, Hermsdorf dyed, that insure you always a stainless stocking, at the pair 15c.
Ladies' seamless balbriggan stockings at the pair 10c.
Misses' Derby ribbed hose, fast black 10c.
Misses' fine ribbed seamless hose the pair 12 1-2c.
Misses' mixed cotton half hose the pair 5c and 8c.
Men's fast black half hose seamless the pair 12 1-2c.

SEWING MACHINES.

For several years we have had made to our order by one of the prominent factories a Sewing Machine branded with our own firm name. In purchasing one of these machines you get an improved high arm, up to date machine and one that contains all of the better qualities of the leading makes and none of the poor ones. We warrant this machine to do the work of a $60.00 machine; it is handsomely finished with highly polished hard wood cover and stand, sold with our full guarantee of five years our price is $17.46, for 3 drawers and $19.46 for 5 drawers. We are pleased to say that among the many hundreds of these sewing machines now in use we have never had a word of complaint but on the other hand many unsolicited testimonials.

Write for samples of any materials you wish, our Mail Order Department is always ready to make prompt shipments.

Jonas Long's Sons
Cor. W. Market and Public Square,

Gifts That Are Sensible.

Not gifts of a day's delight, but gifts for a lifetime. Gifts that keep the memory of the giver always before one. Gifts that last as long as friendship—those are the sensible gifts.

Watches. We have one hundred to show you. Some reliable and very pretty ones as low as $10.
Dainty long chains to go with them as low as $2.

Rings. In Diamonds, Opals, Pearls, etc. from $2 to $12 and up. These are very appropriate gifts and last for years as a reminder of the giver.

Wedding Rings. We have them, the best the goldsmith makes. 14 and 18 k.

J. E. ROYS.

Successor to J. G. Wells, Next door to Post-Office
BLOOMSBURG, - - - PA

THE BROADWAY.

Remnants, broken lots, odds and ends accumulate rapidly during the busy summer days, and it is part of our business policy to give such goods vigorous treatment to close them out, consequently you will find such goods at one-fourth, one third and frequently one-half regular prices on our counters.

New stocks arriving every day. A few examples of June bargains:

Stove lid lifters, 1c. each.
Egg whips, 2c. each.
Shoe polish, 7c. and 10c. bottle.
Triple plate silver knives and forks, 1.50 set.
Apron ginghams, 4c., 5c., and 6c. yard.
Muslins bleached and unbleached, 4½c., 5c., 6½c., 7c. and 8c. yard.
Fiber linings, 12½c. yard.
Mirrors, 5c., 8c. and 13c. each.
Easy bright stove polish, 4c. box.
Stove brushes, 8c. each.
Ladies' tan hose, 10c. pair.
Gent's fine seamless tan hose, 17c. pair.
Ladies' white duck belts, 15c. each.
Ladies' black silk belts, 9c., 12c. and 45c. each.
Felt shades on spring rollers, 2 for 25c.
Whisk broom holders, 8c. each.
Hand saws, 10c., 28c. and 35c. each.
Pants buckles, 1c. doz.
Crawley's gold eye needles, 4c. paper.
Drapery pins, 2c. doz.
10 qt. galvanized pails, 19c. each.
Large screw hooks, 7c. doz.
5 qt. tin pails, 7c. each.
Curtain scrim, 4½c. and 6c. yd.
Nut meg graters, 1c. each.
Hair oil cloth, 4c. and 7c. yd.
Gold paint, 7c. bottle.
Japanese decorated dishes, 1c. each.

BROADWAY CASH STORE,
MOYER'S NEW BUILDING,
Main St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

THE NEW WOMAN
—AND—
THE OLD MAN

and all the rest of the family can be satisfactorily shod at

Jones & Walter's Shoe Store.

Every day new goods are coming in. The very latest in footwear. The newest in colored leathers. High shoes and low shoes, and shoes of all sizes, and at just what you want to pay price.

Jones & Walter's
FEET FITTERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR FINE SPRING MILLINERY GO TO

Mrs. M. A. Watson,

NEXT DOOR TO SALTZER'S MUSIC STORE.

German-American Investment Co.
FOUNDED 1892.
52 Wall St., New York.
(Under supervision of Banking Department of the State of New York.)
Authorized Capital, - - - - $1,000,000
Paid up Capital, - - - - - $200,000
Letters of Credit, Checks and Drafts on Foreign Countries at cheapest rates.
SPECIALTY—Cable transfers and all other money transactions with Germany and Austria-Hungary.
Foreign money, bank notes, bonds, bought and sold.
Bankers wanted as agents in various towns.
4-30-4t. d.

It may be a little early to do your spring papering, but not too early to look over our large stock now ready for your inspection. In spite of the fact that the manufacturers charge us from 10 to 20 per cent. more than last year, we will sell at last year's low prices, and in some cases even lower.

Window curtains of all kinds
Room and picture moulding always in stock.

WILLIAM H. SLATE
EXCHANGE HOTEL BLDG.